
**POWER METALLIC MINES INC.
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025**

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") dated as of April 30, 2026, supplements the consolidated financial statements of Power Metallic Mines Inc. (formerly Power Nickel Inc.) (the "Company" or "Power Metallic") and the notes thereto for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024. The MD&A has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of National Instrument 51-102 – Continuous Disclosure Obligations. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 together with the notes thereto. Results are reported in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise noted. The Company's consolidated financial statements and the financial information contained in this MD&A are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations of the IFRS Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"). Information contained herein is presented as of April 30, 2026, unless otherwise indicated.

For the purposes of preparing this MD&A, Management, in conjunction with the Board of Directors, considers the materiality of information. Information is considered material if: (i) such information results in, or would reasonably be expected to result in, a significant change in the market price or value of the Company's common shares; (ii) there is a substantial likelihood that a reasonable investor would consider it important in making an investment decision; or (iii) it would significantly alter the total mix of information available to investors. Management, in conjunction with the Board of Directors, evaluates materiality with reference to all relevant circumstances, including potential market sensitivity.

The Company's shares are listed on the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V") and Santiago Stock Exchange, Venture Market. Further information about the Company and its operations can be obtained from the offices of the Company or from www.sedarplus.ca and the Company's website www.powermetallic.com.

CAUTION REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This MD&A contains certain forward-looking information and forward-looking statements, as defined in applicable securities laws (collectively referred to herein as "forward-looking statements"). These statements relate to future events or the Company's future performance. All statements other than statements of historical fact are forward-looking statements. Often, but not always, forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as "plans", "expects", "is expected", "budget", "scheduled", "estimates", "continues", "forecasts", "projects", "predicts", "intends", "anticipates" or "believes", or variations of, or the negatives of, such words and phrases, or statements that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "should", "might" or "will" be taken, occur or be achieved. Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in such forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements in this MD&A speak only as of the date of this MD&A or as of the date specified in such statement. The following table outlines certain significant forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A and provides the material assumptions used to develop such forward-looking statements and material risk factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements.

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Forward-looking statements	Assumptions	Risk factors
<p>Potential of the Company's properties to contain economic deposits of any precious and base metals discovered</p>	<p>Financing will be available for future exploration and development of the Company's properties; the actual results of the Company's exploration and development activities will be favourable; operating, exploration and development costs will not exceed the Company's expectations; the Company will be able to retain and attract skilled staff; all requisite regulatory and governmental approvals for exploration projects and other operations will be received on a timely basis upon terms acceptable to the Company, and applicable political and economic conditions are favourable to the Company; the price of precious and base metals and applicable interest and exchange rates will be favourable to the Company; no title disputes exist with respect to the Company's properties</p>	<p>Price volatility of precious and base metals; uncertainties involved in interpreting geological data and confirming title to acquired properties; the possibility that future exploration results will not be consistent with the Company's expectations; availability of financing for and actual results of the Company's exploration and development activities; increases in costs; environmental compliance and changes in environmental and other local legislation and regulation; interest rate and exchange rate fluctuations; changes in economic and political conditions; the Company's ability to retain and attract skilled staff; availability of permits</p>
<p>The Company has no source of revenue and it will require additional cash resources to meet its administrative overhead and maintain its mineral investments for the next twelve months, starting from December 31, 2025</p> <p>The Company expects to incur further losses in the development of its business and will need to raise additional financing to meet its financial requirements</p>	<p>The operating and exploration activities of the Company for the next twelve months and beyond, starting from December 31, 2025, and the costs associated therewith, will be consistent with the Company's current expectations; debt and equity markets, exchange and interest rates and other applicable economic conditions are favourable to the Company</p>	<p>Changes in debt and equity markets; timing and availability of external financing on acceptable terms; changes in the operations currently planned; increases in costs; environmental compliance and changes in environmental and other local legislation and regulation; interest rate and exchange rate fluctuations; changes in economic conditions</p>
<p>The Company's ability to carry out anticipated exploration and maintenance on its property interests and its anticipated use of cash</p>	<p>The exploration and maintenance activities of the Company for the year ending December 31, 2026, and the costs associated therewith, will be consistent with the Company's current expectations; debt and equity markets, exchange and interest rates and other applicable economic conditions are favourable to the Company</p>	<p>Changes in debt and equity markets; timing and availability of external financing on acceptable terms; increases in costs; changes in the operations currently planned; environmental compliance and changes in environmental and other local legislation and regulation; interest rate and exchange rate fluctuations; changes in economic conditions; receipt of applicable permits</p>
<p>Sensitivity analysis of financial instruments</p>	<p>Foreign exchange rates will not be subject to change in excess of plus or minus 1%</p>	<p>Changes in exchange rate fluctuations</p>

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<p>Plans, costs, timing and capital for future exploration and development of the Company's property interests, including the costs and potential impact of complying with existing and proposed laws and regulations</p>	<p>Financing will be available for the Company's exploration and development activities and the results thereof will be favourable; actual operating and exploration costs will be consistent with the Company's current expectations; the Company will be able to retain and attract skilled staff; all applicable regulatory and governmental approvals for exploration projects and other operations will be received on a timely basis upon terms acceptable to the Company; the Company will not be adversely affected by market competition; debt and equity markets, exchange and interest rates and other applicable economic and political conditions are favourable to the Company; the price of precious and base metals will be favourable to the Company; no title disputes exist with respect to the Company's properties</p>	<p>Price volatility of any mineral discovered, changes in debt and equity markets; timing and availability of external financing on acceptable terms; the uncertainties involved in interpreting geological data and confirming title to acquired properties; the possibility that future exploration results will not be consistent with the Company's expectations; increases in costs; environmental compliance and changes in environmental and other local legislation and regulation; interest rate and exchange rate fluctuations; changes in economic and political conditions; the Company's ability to retain and attract skilled staff; availability of permits; market competition</p>
<p>Management's outlook regarding future trends, including the future price of any precious and base metals discovered and availability of future financing</p>	<p>Financing will be available for the Company's exploration and operating activities; the price of applicable minerals will be favourable to the Company</p>	<p>Price volatility of any precious and base metals discovered; changes in debt and equity markets; interest rate and exchange rate fluctuations; changes in economic and political conditions; availability of financing</p>
<p>Prices and price volatility for precious and base metals</p>	<p>The price of precious and base metals will be favourable; debt and equity markets, interest and exchange rates and other economic factors which may impact the price of precious and base metals will be favourable</p>	<p>Changes in debt and equity markets and the spot price of precious and base metals, if available; interest rate and exchange rate fluctuations; changes in economic and political conditions</p>

Inherent in forward-looking statements are risks, uncertainties and other factors beyond the Company's ability to predict or control. Please, in addition, also make reference to those risk factors referenced in the "Risk Factors" section below. Readers are cautioned that the above chart does not contain an exhaustive list of the factors or assumptions that may affect the forward-looking statements, and that the assumptions underlying such statements may prove to be incorrect. Actual results and developments are likely to differ, and may differ materially, from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A.

Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the Company's actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any of its future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements herein are qualified by this cautionary statement. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. The Company undertakes no obligation to update publicly or otherwise revise any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information or future events or otherwise, except as may be required by law. If the Company does update one or more forward-looking statements, no inference should be drawn that it will make additional updates with respect to those or other forward-looking statements, unless required by law.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Management of the Company is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto. Additionally, it is Management's responsibility to ensure the Company complies with the laws and regulations applicable to its activities.

The Company's Management is held accountable to the Board of Directors ("Directors"), each member of which is elected annually by the shareholders of the Company. The Directors are responsible for reviewing and approving the financial statements and the MD&A. Responsibility for the review and approval of the Company's financial statements and MD&A is delegated by the Directors to the Audit Committee, which is composed of three directors. Additionally, the Audit Committee pre-approves audit and non-audit services provided by the Company's auditors.

The auditors are appointed annually by the shareholders to conduct an audit of the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. The external auditors have complete access to the Audit Committee to discuss audit, financial reporting and related matters resulting from the annual audit as well as assist the members of the Audit Committee in discharging their corporate governance responsibilities.

DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Power Metallic Mines Inc. (formerly Power Nickel Inc.) is a resource exploration company involved in exploring for Nickel Copper, Cobalt, PEG group metals, gold, and silver on its various properties located in Chile, and Canada (Quebec & British Columbia). Power Metallic Mines Inc., owns 50% of Chilean Metals Inc. and has the following wholly-owned subsidiaries: Consolidated Gold and Copper Inc. (British Columbia), SPN Metals Exploration Ltd. (British Columbia), TDO Metals Exploration Ltd. (British Columbia), Pintada Minerals Inc. (British Columbia), Pintada Holdings Inc. (British Columbia), Palo Negro Mining Inc. (British Columbia), Palo Negro Holdings Inc. (British Columbia), Verna Explorations Ltd. (British Columbia), Verna Holdings Ltd. (British Columbia), Minera Tierra de Oro Ltda. (Chile), Minera Palo Negro Ltda. (Chile), and Minera Sierra Pintada Ltda. (Chile).

Exploring in Chile is done through Minera IPBX Limitada ("IPBX"), Minera Tierra de Oro Limitada, Minera Palo Negro Limitada and Minera Sierra Pintada Limitada ("Power Metallic Subsidiaries").

OVERALL PERFORMANCE

As at December 31, 2025, the Company had assets of \$24,413,375 and shareholders equity of \$5,866,327. This compares with assets of \$7,805,121 and shareholders equity of \$4,582,029 at December 31, 2024. At December 31, 2025, the Company had \$18,547,048 of current liabilities (December 31, 2024 – \$3,223,092).

At December 31, 2025, the Company had working capital of \$5,473,149, compared to working capital of \$4,568,441 at December 31, 2024, a change of \$904,708 (see "Liquidity Section" for more details). The Company had cash of \$21,118,155 at December 31, 2025, compared to cash of \$6,611,380 at December 31, 2024, an increase of \$14,506,775.

Qualified Person Joseph Campbell, P.Geo. (OGQ #AS-10828, PGO #0135), Vice-President Exploration of Power Metallic, and Qualified Person under NI 43-101, has reviewed and approved the technical content of this MD&A.

PLAN OF ARRANGEMENT

The Company entered into an arrangement agreement (the "Arrangement Agreement") for a strategic reorganization of its business pursuant to which the Company's interest in the Golden Ivan property, along with certain Chilean exploration assets and liabilities were transferred. Effective February 3, 2025, the Golden Ivan property, along with certain Chilean exploration assets and liabilities were spun out to the Company's shareholders (the "Spin-Out") through Chilean Metals Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company ("Spinco").

Prior to January 31, 2025, the Company corporate structure included it's

- Wholly owned Chilean subsidiary, Minera IPBX Ltda., and its wholly-owned Canadian subsidiaries, Tierra de Oro Resources Ltd. and Consolidated Copper and Gold Inc. (Previously Chilean Metals Exploration Ltd).
- Indirectly 100% owned Canadian subsidiaries SPN Metals Exploration Ltd., TDO Metals Exploration Ltd., Pintada Minerals Inc., Pintada Holdings Inc., Palo Negro Mining Inc., Palo Negro Holdings Inc., Verna Exploration Ltd., and Verna Holdings Ltd. The Company also has a 100% indirect interest in three Chilean subsidiaries: Minera Tierra de Oro Ltda., Minera Palo Negro Ltda. and Minera Sierra Pintada Ltda.

The Arrangement Agreement

The Arrangement involved, among other things, the distribution of Spinco Shares to the Company shareholders such that each shareholder has received, for every common share of the Company (each, a "Company Share") held at closing on the day before the effective date of the Arrangement, one New Company Share (as defined below) and 0.05 of a Spinco Share. The newly created class of common shares of the Company (each, a "New Company Share") has been issued in accordance with the Arrangement. The New Company Shares have terms and special rights and restrictions identical to those of the Company Shares immediately prior to the effective time of the Arrangement. In addition, option holders of the Company will be issued, for each one stock option to acquire a Company Share held, one replacement stock option to acquire one New Company Share as well, one Spinco stock option to acquire 0.05 of a Spinco Share.

Spin-Out

On January 31, 2025, the Company completed an internal reorganization, prior to the Spin-Out whereby:

- i. The Company transferred its shares of Consolidated Gold and Copper Inc. to Chilean Metals Inc. in exchange for Chilean Metals Inc. shares. Consolidated Gold and Copper Inc., was a wholly owned subsidiary of the Power Metallic Mines Inc (through which the Company holds its interests in the Golden Ivan property and the Chilean exploration assets and liabilities); and
- ii. The Company subscribed for \$1 million worth of further Chilean Metals Inc. shares for cash. On closing of the Arrangement, Chilean Metals Inc. (by operation of law) became a reporting issuer in British Columbia and Alberta, but there was no precise timetable for the plan to list the Chilean Metals Inc. shares on a public stock exchange.

On February 3, 2025, the Spin-Out was completed by way of a statutory plan of arrangement (the "Arrangement") pursuant to the Business Corporations Act (British Columbia). Common shares of Chilean Metals Inc. were distributed to shareholders of the Company in proportion to their shareholdings of the Company, based on the ratio described in the Arrangement Agreement. Effectively 50% of the Chilean Metals shares are owned by Power Metallic Mines Inc., and the remaining 50% are owned by the shareholders of Power Metallic Mines Inc.

EXPLORATION

Nisk Property

On December 22, 2020 (the "Effective Date") the Company entered into an option agreement with Critical Elements Limited ("Critical") to acquire a 50% interest in the Nisk property (the "First Option"). Upon completion of the terms of the First Option the Company also has a Second Option to increase its interest from 50% to 80% by incurring or funding additional work in the amount of \$2,200,000 including a Resource Estimate for a period of four years from the effective date of completion of the First Option. On February 24, 2021 ("Closing Date") the Company closed the option acquisition transaction.

Under the terms of the agreement, the requirements to exercise the First Option are:

- (a) Make cash payments totaling \$500,000 to Critical on or before the dates set out below:
 - (i) A non-refundable amount of \$25,000 on the date of execution of the agreement; (paid)
 - (ii) An amount of \$225,000 within a delay of five (5) Business Days following the Effective Date; and (paid)
 - (iii) An amount \$250,000 within a delay of six (6) months from the Effective Date; (paid)
- (b) issue 12,051,770 Shares within a delay of five (5) Business Days following the Effective Date. (issued)
- (c) incur an aggregate of \$2,800,000 of Work Expenditures on the Property on or before the dates set out below:
 - (i) \$500,000 in Work Expenditures on or before the date that is one (1) year from Closing Date; (completed)
 - (ii) \$800,000 in Work Expenditures on or before the date that is two (2) years from Closing Date; (completed) and
 - (iii) \$1,500,000 in Work Expenditures on or before the date that is three (3) years from Closing Date; (completed)

In connection with closing of the Nisk property agreement, the Company issued to Paradox Equity Partners Ltd a finders fee of 668,377 shares on February 24, 2021.

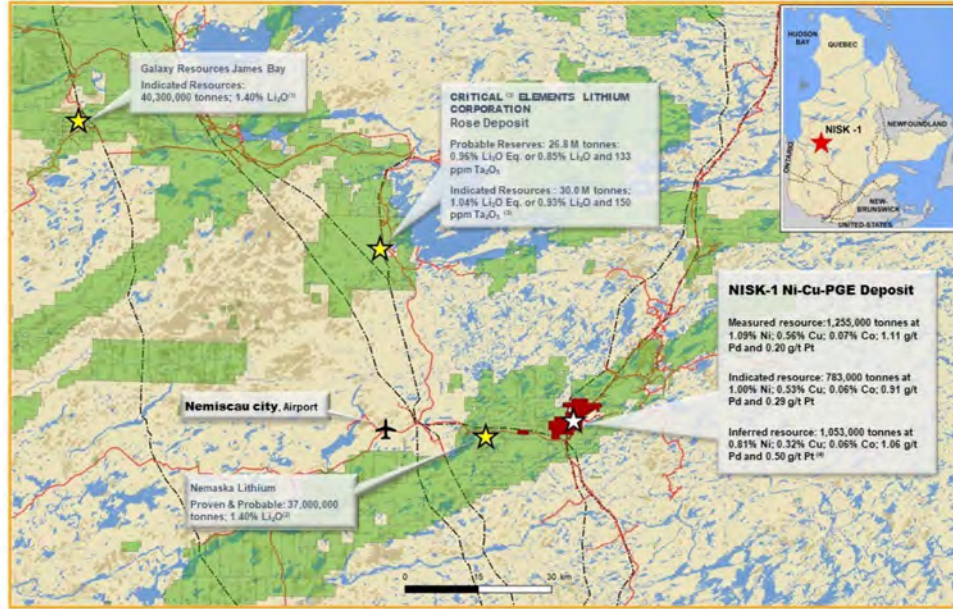
The 12,720,147 common shares issued during the year ended December 31, 2021 in connection with this property option agreement were valued at \$3,943,246 based on the trading price of the Company's shares on the date of issuance.

Following the exercise of the First Option, Critical will receive a 2% net smelter return from the extraction and production of only lithium products, the amount of which Power Metallic may, following the payment of \$2 million in cash, reduce to 1%.

Power Nickel exercised its option to increase its interest to 80% of the Nisk Project, and subsequently the mineral claims have been transferred over in Power Metallic's name

The NISK property comprises a large land position (20 kilometres of strike length) with numerous high-grade intercepts. The Company is focused on confirming and expanding its current high-grade, nickel-copper PGE, Gold and Silver mineralization

Nisk – Located in a Mining Active Region



Sources:
 (1) Galaxy Resources Ltd - Preliminary Economic Assessment, NI 43-101 Technical Report, James Bay Lithium Project dated March 2021
 (2) Nemaska Lithium Inc. - NI 43-101 Technical Report on the Estimate to Complete for the Whabouchi Lithium Mine and Shawinigan Electrochemical Plant dated August 2019
 (3) Critical Elements Lithium Corporation - NI 43-101 Technical Report on Rose Lithium-Tantalum project feasibility study dated November 29, 2017
 (4) Critical Elements Lithium Corporation - Historical results

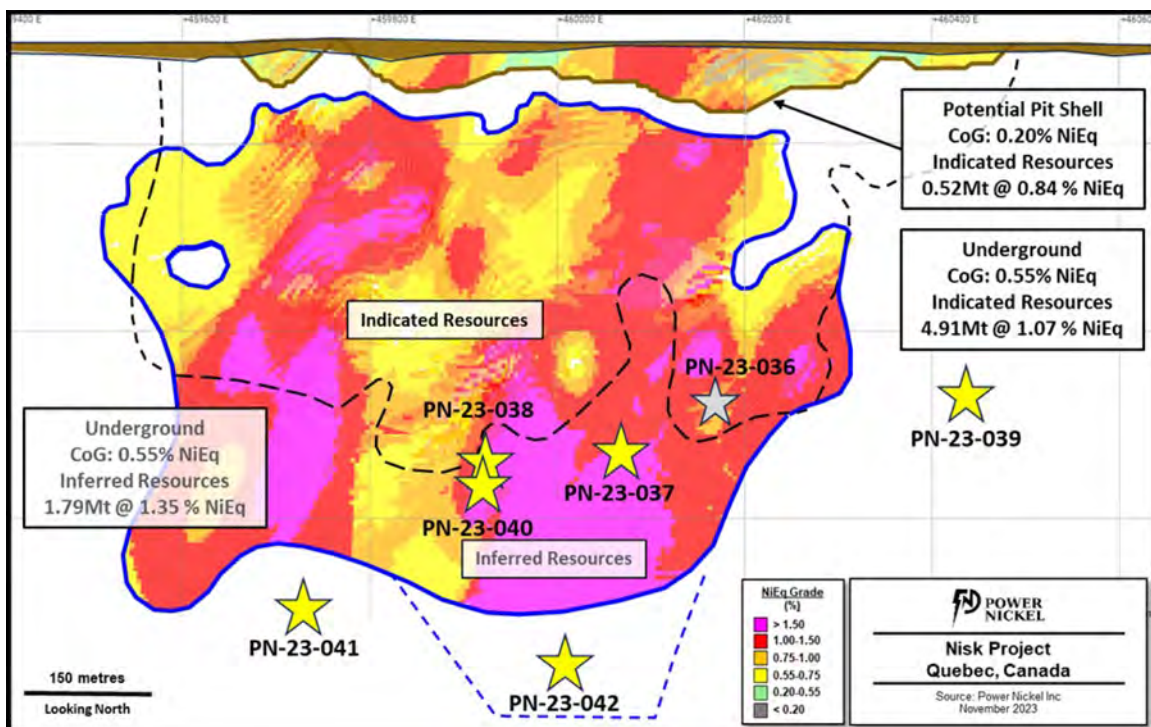
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In late Q4 2023 Power Metallic produced a Technical report outlined below.

The figure below presents a longitudinal view of the 2023 Mineral Resource Estimate.



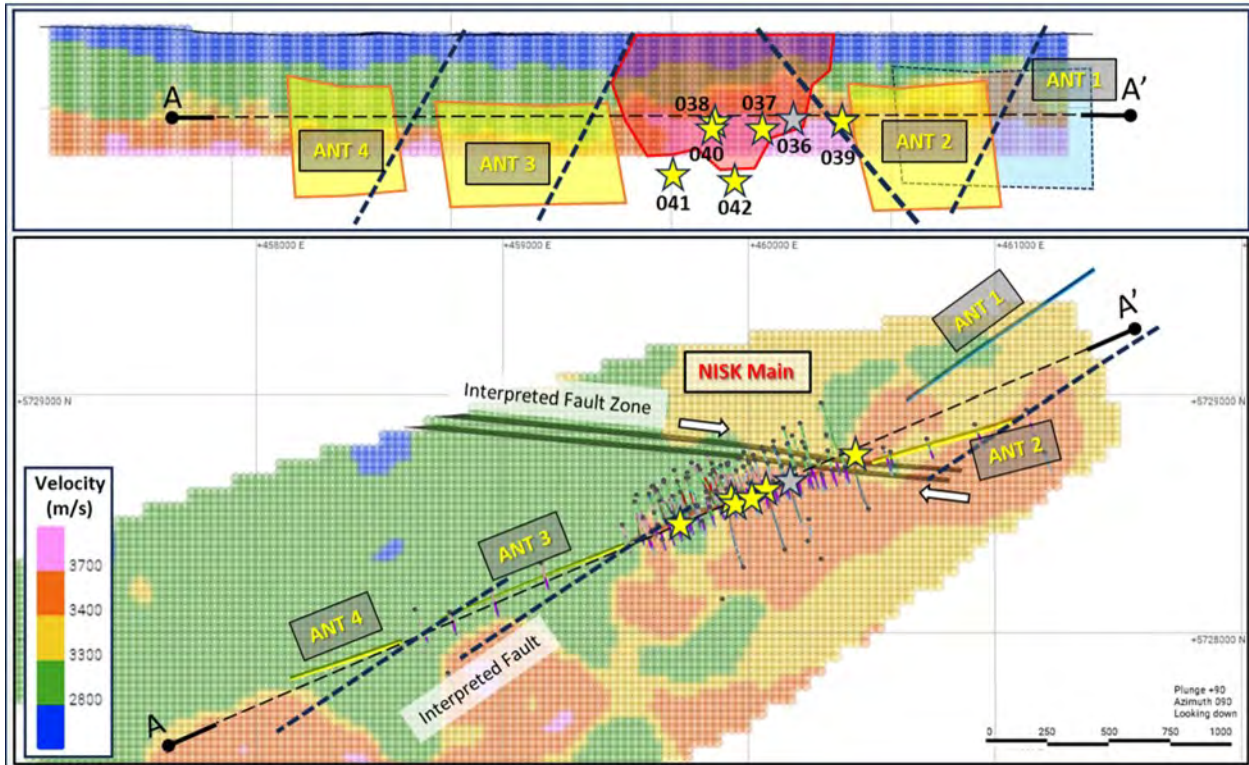
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The information presented above is derived from the Technical Report titled: **“Amended and Updated NI 43-101 Technical Report and Updated Mineral Resource Estimate for the Nisk Project, Eeyou Istchee James Bay Territory, Québec”**; **Duncan Studd, Pierre-Luc Richard, Gordon Marrs and Jeffrey Cassoff; January 19th, 2024.**

The Technical report represents a snapshot in time of our historic exploration work as it relates to resource size. The Company has significant further exploration programs ongoing and planned.

The Company employed Fleet Space Technologies and their Ambient Noise Tomography technology to assist in better evaluation of its land package in search for additional resources. The search was focused in two areas. Around our current resource, what we refer to as Nisk Main, and around an exploration result we obtained about 5.5 Kilometres North and East of Nisk main. This was a project historically referred to as Wildcat but whose name has subsequently been changed to the Lion Zone.

Below are targets labelled ANT 1-4 outlining our intent to explore these areas in pursuit of additional Nickel Sulfide mineralization.



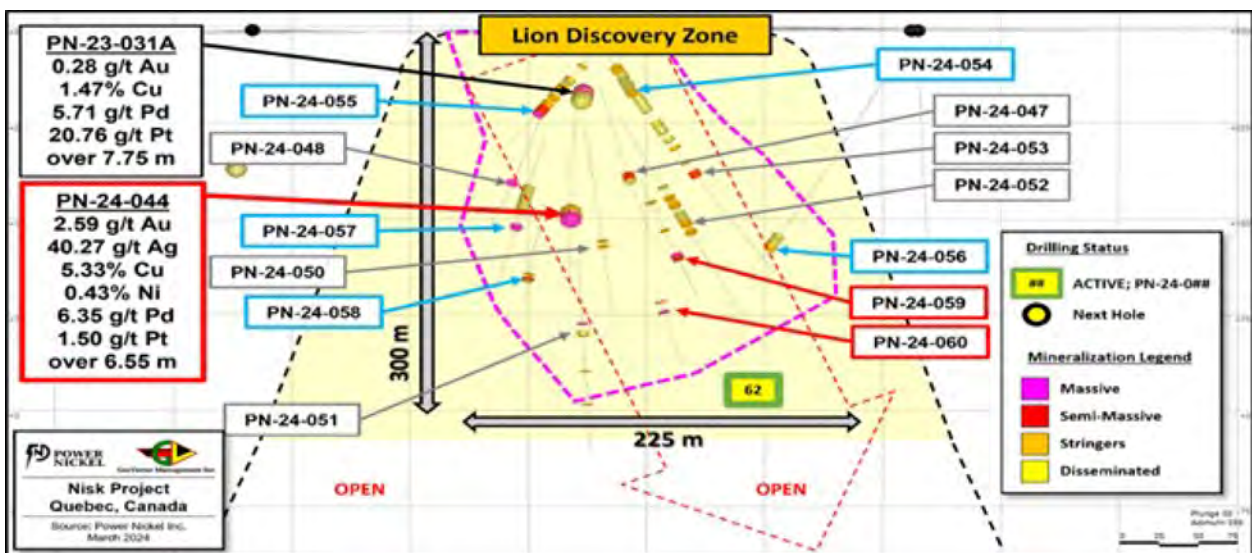
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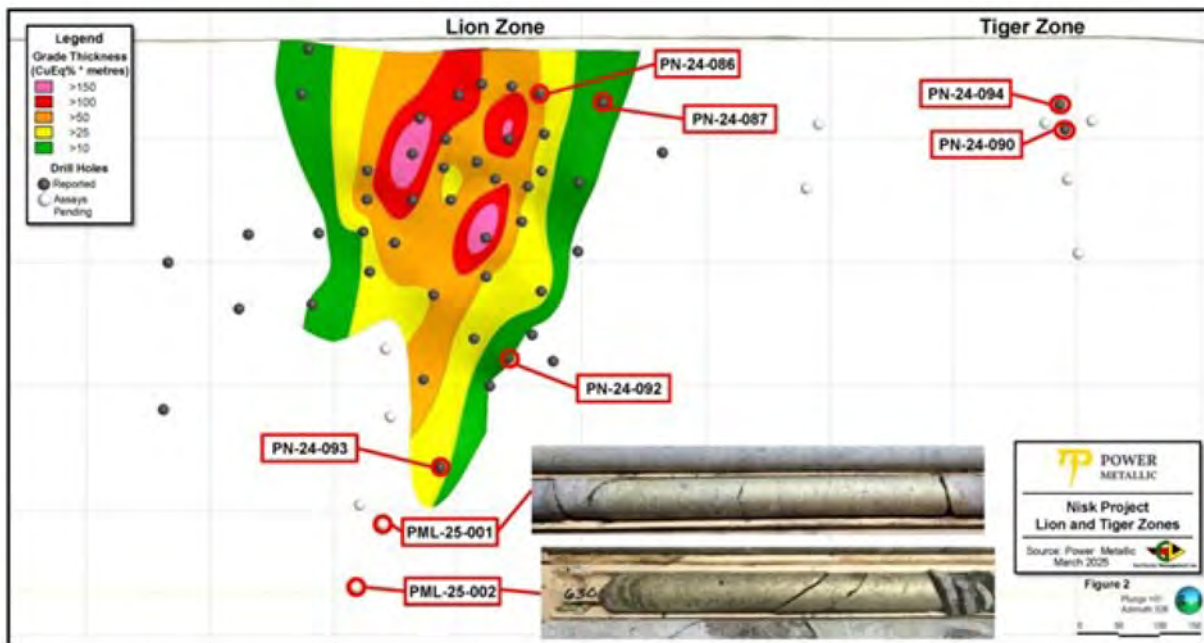
Following the Lion discovery the Company drilled a new zone 700m north-east of Lion (reported March 25, 2025) and subsequently named the Tiger Zone.

Map of the Lion and Tiger Zones with drill collar locations.



Long section of the Lion Zone with pattern of drilling up to a release issued on March 25th 2025

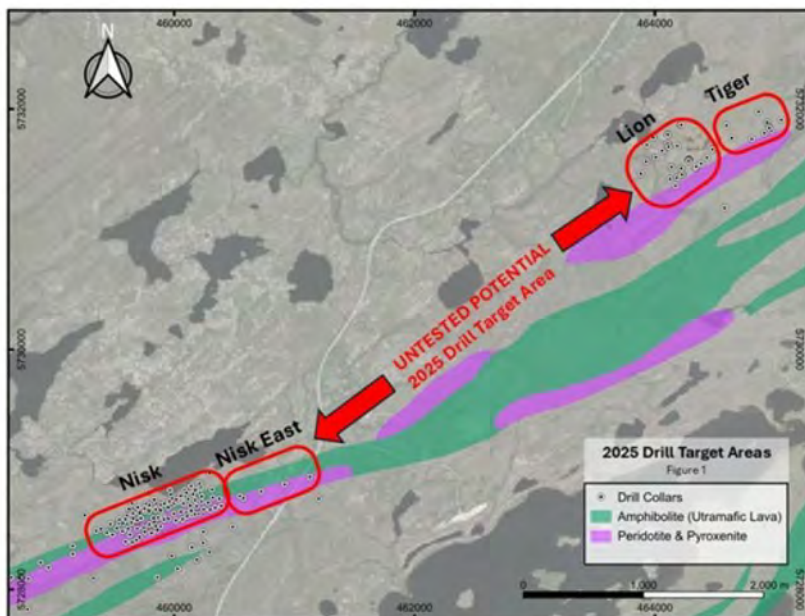




In 2024 the success of the Lion expansion drilling and the initiation of targeted exploration for polymetallic type deposits, led by advice from Dr. Steve Beresford, a leading expert in this deposit type, resulted in an expansion of exploration effort along the favourable geological trend. This resulted in the discovery of the Tiger deposit, and a revisit to the Nisk deposit as a member of the polymetallic suite of deposits. Based on work prior to 2024, including ground geophysics (magnetic, electro-magnetic, and gravity surveys) and bore hole electro-magnetic surveys (BHEM), a new target area east of Nisk (Nisk East) has been subjected to more detailed study for a Lion type poly metallic deposit.

In addition to these four areas (Nisk, Nisk East, Lion, Tiger) much of the remaining favourable geology on the property is still untested.

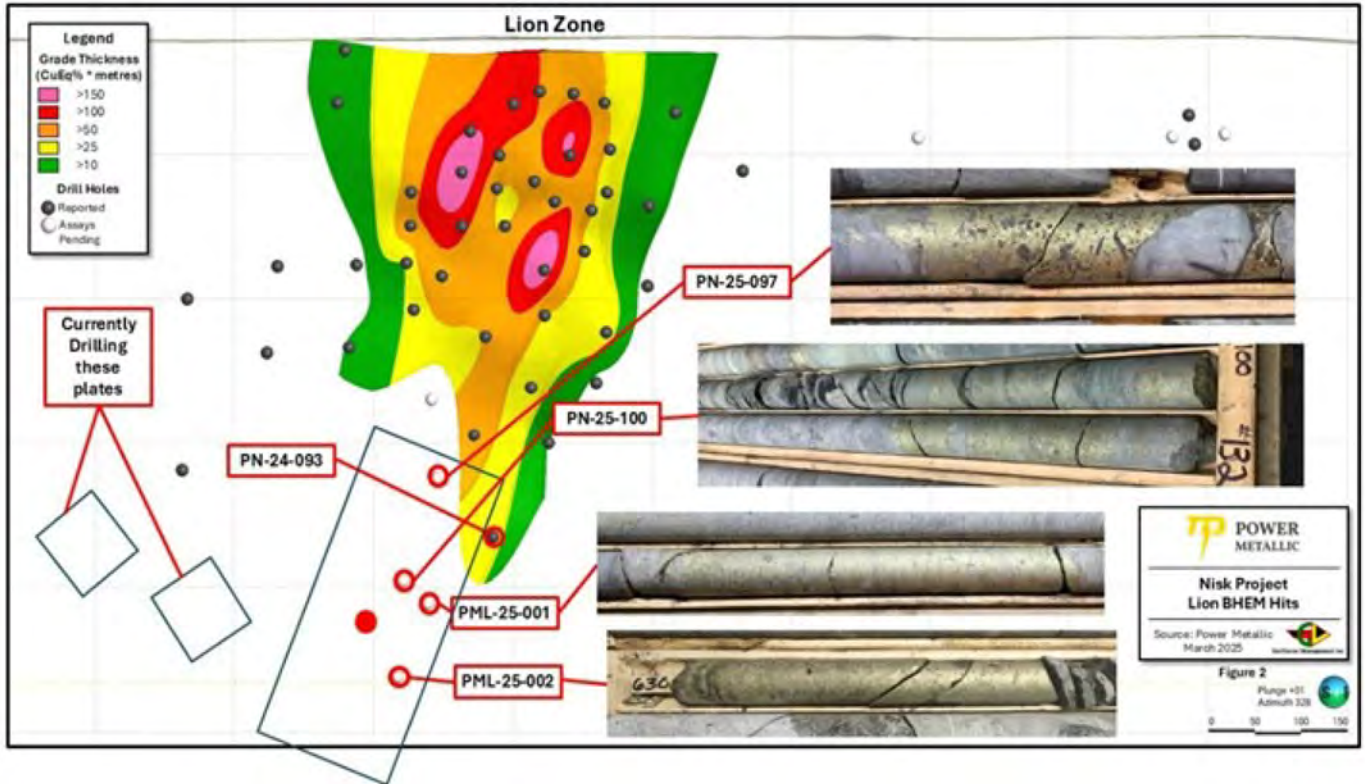
Property scale map showing location of indicated mineralized zones



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BHEM has become an essential tool for the discovery of new deposits and expansion of known deposits, such as Lion. Power Metallic has contracted the services of Matthew Penney from Hardrock Geophysics Inc. to re-interpret all previous surveys, and to refine the processing and the interpretation of new surveys. This has led to multiple identification of off-hole conductors which have to date indicated sulphide concentrations. This BHEM method will continue to be an essential tool in exploration in 2025 on the Nisk property

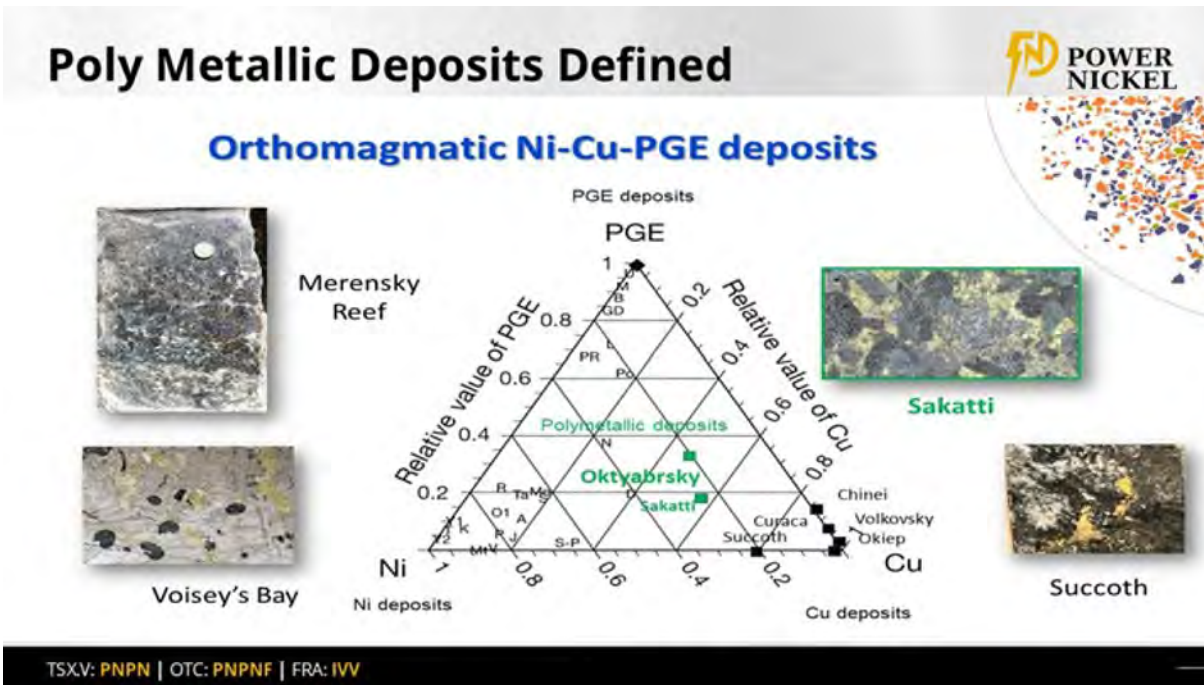
Example of BHEM off-hole anomalies from 2024 drill holes.



Power Metallic drilled 55 holes totaling 21,9000 metres on the Nisk project. A large percentage of these holes were also surveyed with BHEM. The Company has used the services of veteran Geoscientific consulting team GeoVector to manage the day-to-day drill program execution and to assist our inhouse team on overall exploration planning.

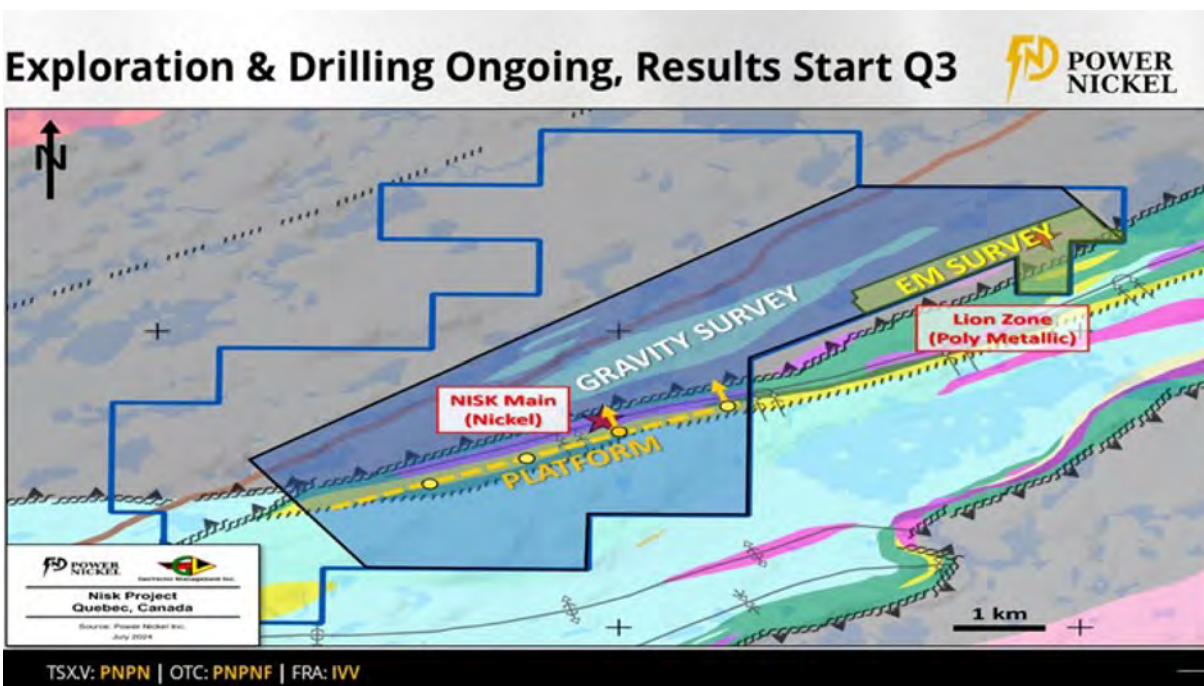
With the impressive success of the Lion Zone and its emerging High-Grade Cu, Platinum, Palladium, Gold and Silver discovery the Nisk project has transformed from a traditional Nickel Sulfide to a Poly Metallic deposit. This has dramatically altered the Company's focus. The Company's engagement with global Poly Metallic deposit expert Doctor Steve Beresford, who has joined the Company's Board, has transformed the exploration strategy for Poly Metallic deposits on the Nisk property. Steve brings a wealth of experience to the project from previous work as Chief Geologist at First Quantum, then Chief Geologist at MMG and lastly Chief Scientific Officer at IGO.

Doctor Beresford's focus is on a particular type of Poly Metallic deposit. The Ortho Magmatic Deposit type which is Ni, Cu and PGE dominant. Below is an image from our corporate presentation illustrating the type of deposit we believe we have discovered at Nisk.



Work in 2025 included extensive studies on mineralogy of the Lion deposit to understand the habit of the economic elements, including the high value precious metals (Pb, Pt, Au, Ag) associated with the copper mineralization.

In addition, studies will be carried out on rock samples to collect absolute age dating of the host rocks to the Nisk and Lion deposits. This will help in refining the current understanding of the stratigraphy hosting the deposits, and the timing of the mineralization and subsequent mobilization into the poly metallic deposits.



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In Q1 Power Metallic initiated a multi-drill program (initially one drill, then up to three). A total of twenty-six (26) holes were drilled totaling 10,756 m. Meterage was distributed over several targets reflecting Power Metallics approach to expand the project on multiple fronts as noted below:

- Lion - 7,018m (16 holes)
- Tiger - 1,710m (6 holes)
- Nisk - 2,028m (4 holes)

An integral part of the Q1 2025 program was the utilization of down hole EM or BHEM which served to generate both in-hole and off-hole conductors. A total of twenty (20) holes were surveyed which include some holes that had been drilled in previous campaigns. The surveys were completed by TMC Géophysique (based in Val D'or), with interpretations done by Matt Penney of Hardrock Geophysics (based in Montreal).

While the program was ongoing, the team at Hardrock Geophysics did a review of previously completed surveys in order to potentially generate targets for future drill programs. This included the 2023 airborne survey (Prospect air), 2023 BHEM surveys (TMC), 2024 Ground EM (TMC), and 2024 BHEM surveys (TMC).

Lastly, Power Metallic initiated some preliminary baseline Environmental work including a desktop study, as well as the collection of seven (7) water samples. These works were carried out by Nemaska Resources a group associated with Group DesFor.

On February 3, 2025, the Company completed the above described spin-out transaction via a Plan of arrangement for the mining properties it controls in British Columbia (Golden Ivan) and including certain assets located in Chile.

In Q2 Power Metallic reported results from its winter drilling program, including the final holes of the campaign, on June 4, 2025.

The Company expanded its core facility and began ramping up drilling from two rigs on June 6, 2025, with plans to increase to four rigs during the summer program, supported by new core logging units and upgraded site infrastructure. This program represents the Company's largest exploration effort to date, combining step-out drilling at the Lion, Nisk, and Tiger trends with extensive mapping, prospecting, and airborne EM surveying.

On June 9, 2025, the Company executed a definitive agreement and, as of mid-July, completed the acquisition of 313 mineral claims (167 km²) from Li-FT Power Ltd., expanding the Nisk-Lion-Tiger polymetallic project area by over 300% to approximately 212.9 km² and securing an expanded strike length of roughly 50 km across basin margins. Consideration for the acquisition included a \$700,000 cash payment, issuance of 6 million common shares (subject to hold periods), and a retained 0.5% NSR by Li-FT.

The Company is advancing a comprehensive geophysical and mapping program, including ongoing borehole EM surveys by TMC, localized ground EM follow-up, and a large-scale airborne EM/magnetic (AEM) survey by Geotech, approximately one-third complete by the end of June. These efforts are complemented by detailed field mapping across newly acquired ground and a LiDAR survey by LSI, which will provide high-resolution topography and imagery to refine target generation and optimize drill site placement.

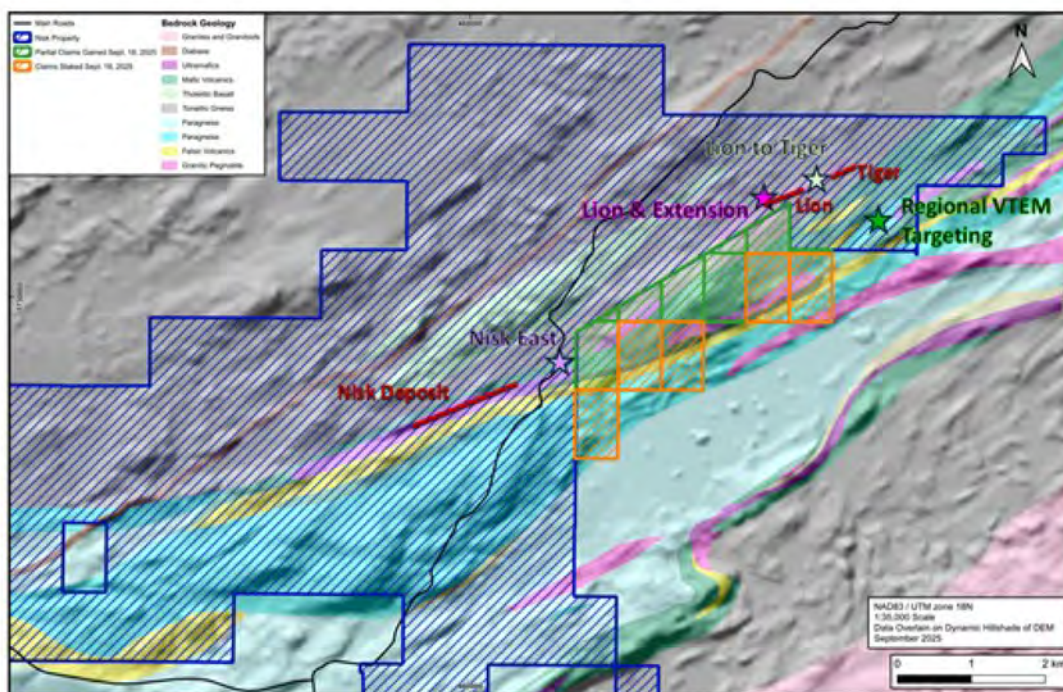
The summer drill program is targeting the following meters of drilling by location:

- 10,000–12,500 meters at Lion
- 5,000–6,250 meters at Tiger
- 5,000–6,250 meters at Nisk Main, Nisk West, and Nisk East

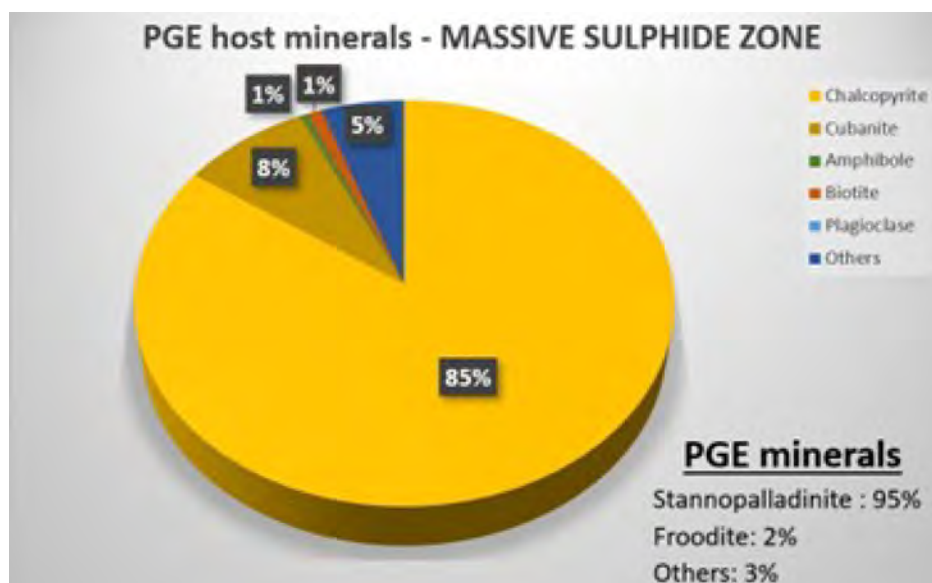
In addition, the Company intends to opportunistically test the recently acquired claims, subject to results from the ongoing AEM survey, ground mapping programs, and receipt of drilling permits.

On July 10th, Power Metallic closed on its acquisition of 313 claims (167 km²) from Li-FT Power Ltd. on July 13, 2025, tripling its project size to 212.86 km² with a \$700,000 payment, 6 million shares, and a 0.5% NSR retained by Li-FT.

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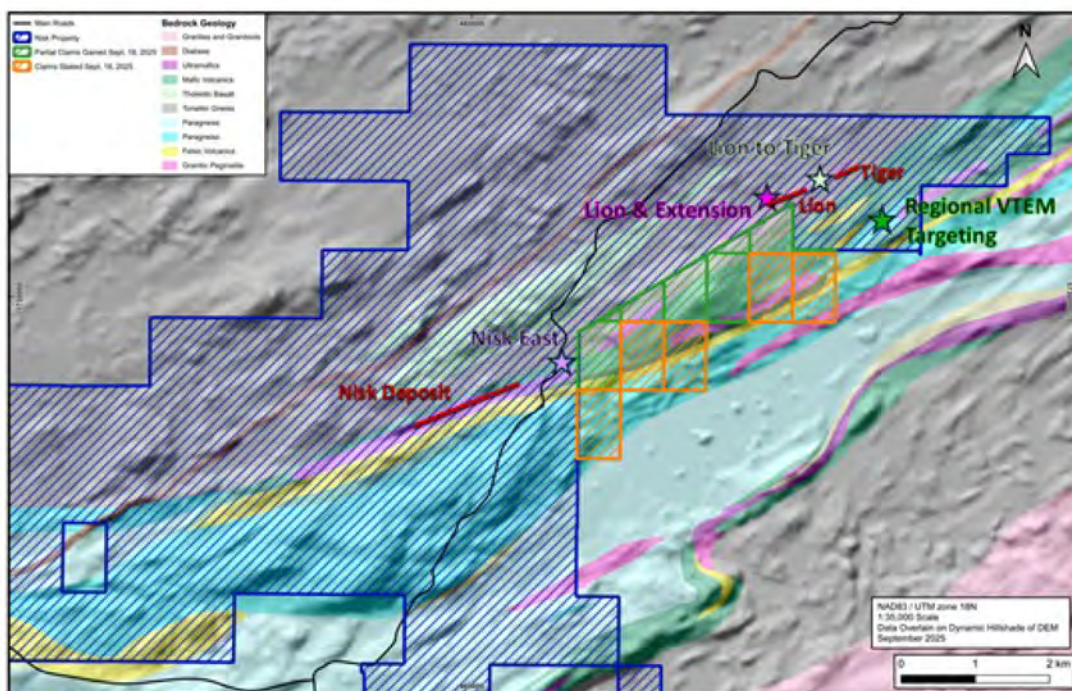
On July 23rd, 2025, Power Metallic provided an update on its mineralogy scans program showing PGE enrichment predominately associated with Chalcopyrite and Cubanite. Overall, the character of the mineralization and the host sulphides suggest that good recoveries of both the copper minerals and the PGEs can be expected in conventional sulphide concentration recovery methods.



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On August 26th, 2025 Power Metallic appointed former federal Minister Seamus O'Regan to its board, bringing expertise from his tenure as Canada's Minister of Energy & Natural Resources and Minister of Indigenous Services. O'Regan's background in critical minerals policy and Indigenous affairs positions him to support Power Metallic's advancement of the Nisk polymetallic project in Quebec.

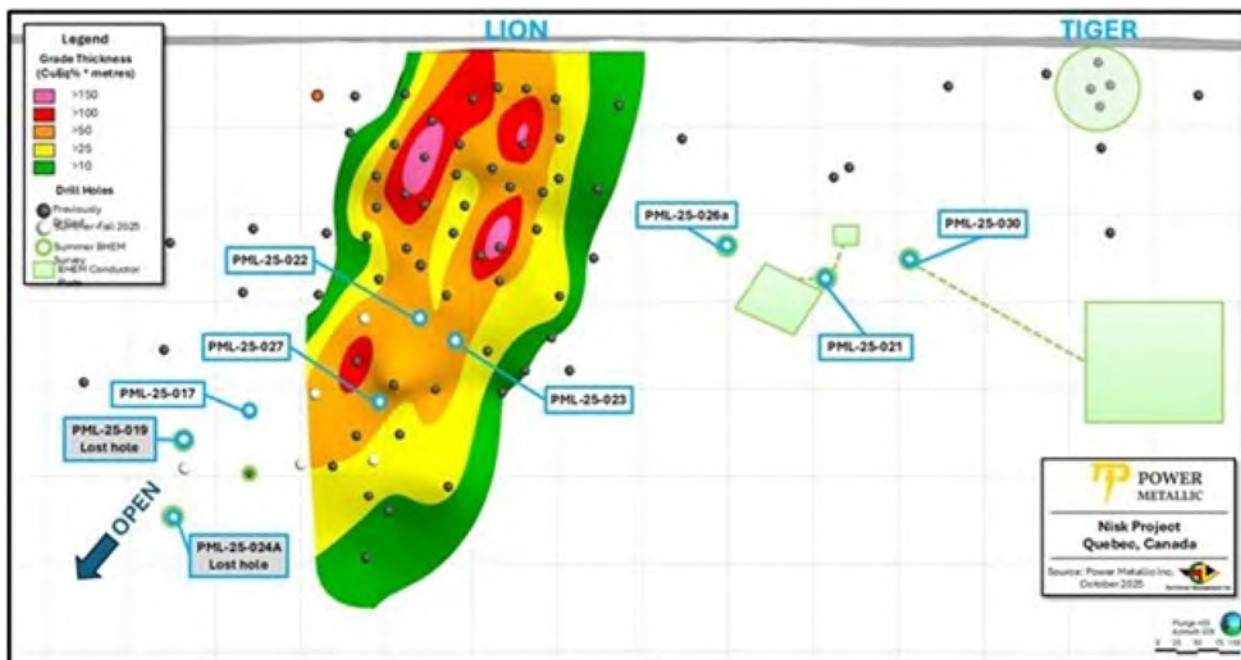
On September 22nd, 2025 Power Metallic announced initial results from the summer program. The summer program completed 17,250 meters of drilling from 34 holes, which include holes 25-015, 28m of 4.28% CuEq and 25-020, 22.66m of 4.57% CuEq. In addition to the announced drill results, Power Metallic added acreage directly south of the Lion Zone trend, internally referred to as the Hydrolands. A map of the Hydroland additions can be seen below.



On October 16th, 2025, Power Metallic announced the initiation of our preliminary metallurgical studies being performed by SGS Canada Ltd at its laboratories based in Quebec City, QC and Lakefield ON. Completion of this preliminary metallurgical testing will allow the company to report a NI 43-101 resource. While testing is expected to take approximately 14 weeks, final reports are not expected until Q1 2026.

On November 4th, 2025 Power Metallic announced further results from the summer program, including 25-022, 6.85m of 13.15% CuEq and 25-023, 5.9m of 10.43% CuEq. In addition to drill results, Power Metallic drilled 3 BHEM holes targeting deeper structures between Tiger and Lion. A BHEM response found in 25-030 identified one of the larger BHEM panels to date.

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Dec. 2, 2025 – Power Metallic reports that Hole 25029b at the Lion Zone returned 4.40 m of 12.18% Cu (14.34% CuEqRec) within a broader interval of 20.40 m of 2.91% Cu (3.58% CuEqRec) and confirms a large offhole BHEM anomaly by extending hole PN24064. The offhole conductor panel lies in front of several previously mineralized holes and along a structurally important fold hinge, defining a highpriority target area for further CuNi mineralization.

Jan. 19, 2026 – Power Metallic announces initial Lion Zone metallurgical results from SGS Canada, highlighted by a 25.8% Cu concentrate with recoveries of 98.9% Cu, 93.9% Pd, 96.8% Pt, 85.0% Au and 88.9% Ag from a blended composite. The lockedcycle flotation test confirms that Lion mineralization is amenable to conventional sulphide concentration and supports using significantly higher metal recoveries in CuEqRec calculations going forward, implying an 18.2% uplift in recovered CuEq versus prior assumptions. The uplift can be seen in the table below.

		Head Grade	Old Recovered Grade	Old Recovered CuEqRec	Met Recovered Grade	Met Recovered CuEQRec
Cu - Copper	%	3.42 %	2.74 %	2.74 %	3.38 %	3.38 %
Ni - Nickel	%	0.20 %	0.16 %	0.40 %	0.15 %	0.39 %
Au - Gold	g/t	0.7	0.56	0.48 %	0.60	0.51 %
Pd - Palladium	g/t	5.37	4.30	1.90 %	5.04	2.23 %
Pt - Platinum	g/t	2.9	2.32	0.85 %	2.81	1.02 %
Ag - Silver	g/t	24.9	19.92	0.20 %	22.14	0.23 %
Total				6.57 %		7.76 %

Table – Impact of Old Recovery assumptions vs Met Recovery^{2,3}

Old CuEqRec represented CuEq calculated based on the following metal prices (USD): 2,360.15 \$/oz Au, 27.98 \$/oz Ag, 1,215.00 \$/oz Pd, 1000.00 \$/oz Pt, 4.00 \$/lb Cu, 10.00 \$/lb Ni and 22.50 \$/lb Co., and a recovery grade of 80% for all commodities, consistent with comparable peers.

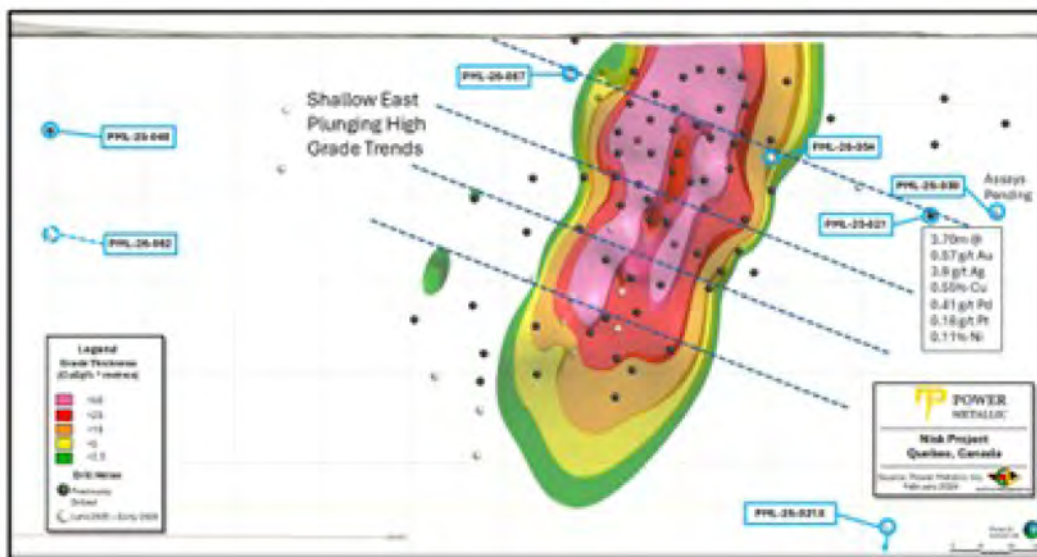
Current CuEqRec will be calculated based on the following metal prices and recoveries (USD): 2,360.15 \$/oz Au @ 85% Rec; 27.98 \$/oz Ag @ 88.9% Rec; 1,215 \$/oz Pd @ 93.9% Rec; 1,000 \$/oz Pt @ 96.8% Rec; 4.00 \$/lb Cu @ 98.9% Rec; 10.00 \$/lb Ni @ 77.1% Rec, based on recoveries consistent with initial metallurgical testing.

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Feb. 18, 2026 – Power Metallic reports fall 2025 drilling at the Lion Zone, including 20.40 m of 4.11% CuEqRec in Hole 25046 (with 8.40 m of 8.05% CuEqRec) and 8.60 m of 6.34% CuEqRec in Hole 25045 (with 5.10 m of 9.86% CuEqRec). These infill and downplunge extensions strengthen the continuity of the highgrade core, highlight the polymetallic PdPtAuCu character of Lion, and support an Indicated category MRE and future starter pit scenarios.

Feb. 19, 2026 – Chilean Metals Inc. announces it has commenced trading on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol “CMCG.” The company, spun out of Power Metallic in February 2025, is focused on the Golden Ivan polymetallic property in British Columbia and a suite of earlier stage exploration projects in Chile.

March 3, 2026 – Power Metallic provides an exploration update showing that new drilling has intersected Lion style sulphides at Lion East (PML26054) and Lion West (PML26067), confirming a shallow easterly plunging highgrade structural trend extending from the main Lion Zone. The release also outlines multiple untested easterly plunge trends, a new highgrade gold interval of 34.6 g/t Au over 1.50 m in the newly acquired Hydro Lands.



March 10, 2026 – Power Metallic reports that Hole 25049, the first hole of the Winter 2026 campaign, returned 16.55 m at 10.08% Cu (15.11% CuEqRec), the best nearsurface copper intersection to date at Lion, while Hole 25043 delivered 7.60 m at 7.20% CuEqRec. These results significantly expand the nearsurface highgrade zone that may be amenable to early openpit extraction and further support shallow easterly plunging mineralization trends within the Lion Zone.

April 15, 2026 – Power Metallic announces Winter 2026 infill drilling results at Lion, highlighted by Hole 26050 returning 27.10 m of 2.17% CuEqRec including 4.76 m of 10.43% CuEqRec. The infill holes on the eastern portion of Lion are designed to underpin a 2026 Mineral Resource Estimate and delineate a potential starter open pit focused on the highergrade core.

Jabal Baudan Property, Saudi Arabia

Power Metallic's Jabal Baudan property is a 200 km² exploration license in Saudi Arabia's Jabal Sayid Mineralized Belt, the largest of seven packages offered in this belt and one of the few mining concessions held by a foreign company in Saudi Arabia. Located roughly 150 km south of Jeddah along the western Red Sea coastal plain, the project is considered highly prospective for copper, gold, and zinc in a VMS-style setting, in the same regional trend as the Jabal Sayid mine and the Umm ad Damar deposit.

The project is supported by Saudi Arabia's Exploration Enablement Program, a US\$182 million initiative that can contribute up to US\$2 million per exploration license, which should help de-risk and accelerate early-stage work such as mapping, geophysics, and drilling at Jabal Baudan. Power Metallic positions this acquisition as a strategic foothold aligned with Saudi Arabia's Vision 2030, aiming to leverage strong local infrastructure and a mining-friendly regime to fast-track the identification and prioritization of high-potential VMS targets on the license.

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Golden Ivan Property (Properties owned by Chilean Metals Inc.)

Golden Ivan is located approx. 3 kilometers to the east of Stewart, BC in the heart of the Golden Triangle. The Golden Ivan property consists of thirteen (13) mineral claims, all in good standing, for a total area of approximately 797 hectares.

On January 14, 2021, the Company announced it finalized an agreement dated October 7, 2020 to acquire 100% of the Golden Ivan property via a series of option payments and work commitments. On June 29, 2021, the agreement was revised to eliminate all the cash payments and work commitment and expedite the payment by shares while reducing the overall quantity of shares by 1,000,000 shares from the original agreement. The revised terms are as follows:

- (i) 3,900,000 common shares within five Business Days after receipt of the TSXV Approval. These common shares were valued at \$1,209,000 based on the trading price of the Company's shares on the date of issuance.
- (ii) 6,500,000 common shares on or before June 29, 2021 subject to TSXV Approval. These common shares were valued at \$620,100 based on the trading price of the Company's shares on the date of issuance.

As a result, the Company acquired a 100% interest subject only to a 2.5% NSR royalty. The Company retains the option to purchase 40% of this royalty for a one-time payment of \$1,000,000.

Golden Triangle has reported mineral resources (past production and current resources) in total of 67 million ounces of gold, 569 million ounces of silver and 27 billion pounds of copper. The Golden Ivan property hosts two known mineral showings (Gold ore and Magee), and a portion of the past-producing Silverado mine, which was reportedly exploited between 1921 and 1939. These mineral showings are described as Polymetallic veins that contain quantities of silver, lead, zinc, plus/minus gold, and plus/minus copper.

In the summer of 2021, a highly successful prospecting and geologic mapping program resulted in the discovery of two new high grade gold zones yielding 16.2 grams-per-tonne (g/t) gold (Au) and 15.1 g/t Au in outcrop.

The 2021 Golden Ivan Property campaign completed during July and August 2021, included the collection of 210 surface rock samples including 7 channel samples, in addition to reconnaissance geologic mapping and whole rock geochemical analysis throughout the Property. A total of 17 of the 210 rock samples returned greater than 0.1 g/t Au, and up to 16.2 g/t Au from the newly discovered Lone Goat Showing, and 15.1 g/t Au over 0.75 metres from a channel sample at the newly discovered Molly B. East showing in addition to significant silver and base metal values (**Table 1**).

Table 1. 2021 Golden Ivan Project 2021 Prospecting - Significant Results

Sample ID	Showing	Material	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)	Cu (%)	Pb (%)	
P385752	Gold Zones	Talus	16.2	25	1.56	-	
P385831		Outcrop	-	47	0.18	-	
P385732		<i>Lone Goat (New)</i>	Outcrop	3.41	14	-	-
P385774			Outcrop	0.76	176	0.64	-
P385703		Gold Zones	Float	-	22	1.14	0.15
P385691			Float	-	31	0.82	-
P385857		<i>Molly B. East (New)</i>	Channel (0.75 m)*	15.1	12	0.10	-
P385801			Outcrop	1.43	39	0.16	-
P385809		<i>Ice valley (New)</i>	Outcrop	0.73	47	0.27	-
P385760			Outcrop	0.53	5	-	-
P385840	Silver Zones	Outcrop	-	76	-	-	
P385841		<i>Silverado No. 4 East trend (Historic)</i>	Outcrop	-	27	-	1.13
P385682			Float	-	30	-	0.73
P385739		Outcrop	-	19	1.82	-	
P385693		<i>Magge Sky Annex (Historic)</i>	Outcrop	-	47	0.38	-

*The approximate true width of the channel sample is 80-100 sample width.

Mineralization and Alteration of New Discoveries

The Molly B. East high-grade gold showing is associated with subvertical southeast trending quartz-pyrrhotite-chalcocopyrite veins hosted within andesitic volcanic rocks with fine grained sulphide halos.

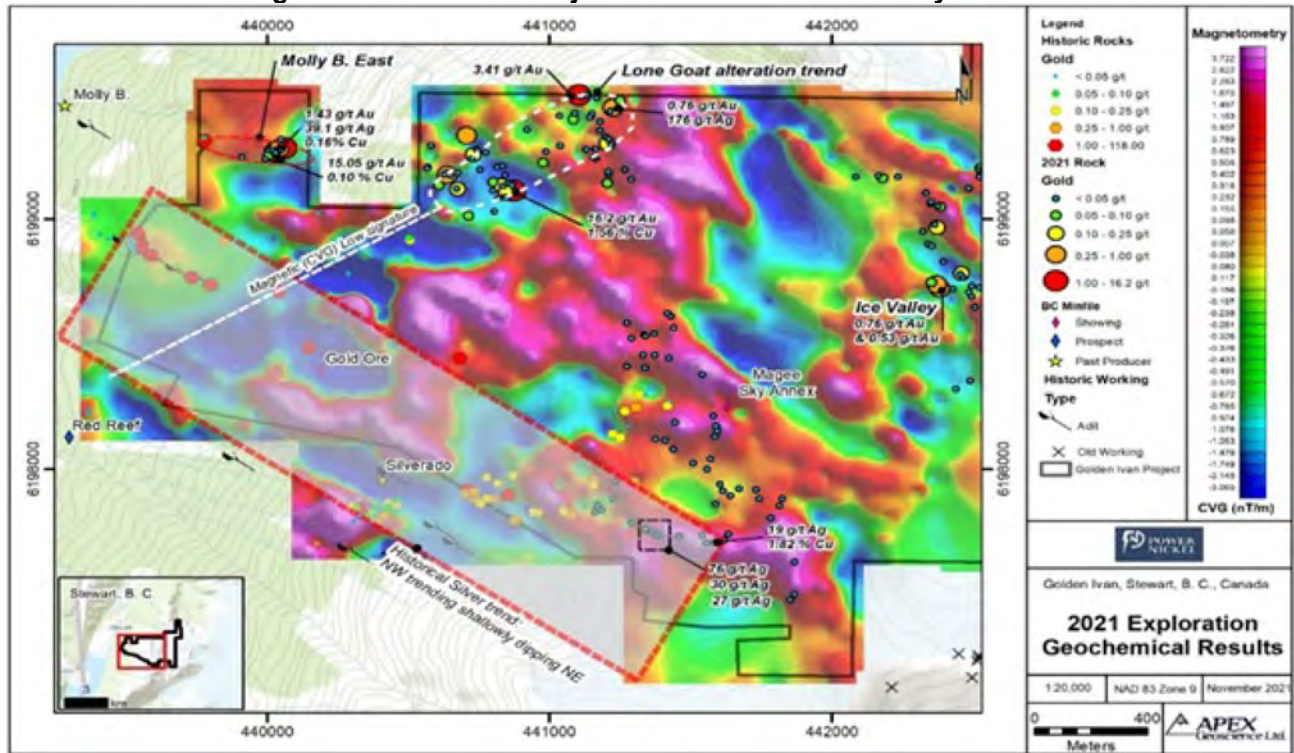
The Lone Goat high-grade gold showing comprises an approximately 700 x 200 metres NE-SW trending subvertical zone of multi-stage quartz-epidote-sericite-carbonate altered andesite that returned multiple anomalous (n=8 greater than 0.1 g/t Au) gold assays.

The newly discovered Lone Goat, Molly B. East gold showings and the historical high-grade gold-silver Molly B trend to the south are coincident with northeast and northwest trending airborne magnetic (low) lineaments respectively (Figure 1).

General Geology

The results of reconnaissance geologic mapping indicate the Golden Ivan Property is underlain by a layered sequence of andesitic volcanic and volcanoclastic rocks attributed to the lower Jurassic Hazelton Group. The volcanic package is cut by late andesite dykes and rhyolite bodies, while the northeast area of the Property lies in faulted contact with interpreted Stuhini Group metasediments.

Figure 1. Golden Ivan Project 2021 Surface Rock Assay Results



Golden Ivan Historical Data Compilation

Prior to initiating the 2021 exploration, Power Metallic commissioned a digital historical data compilation with respect to the Golden Ivan Property. The compilation comprised publicly available mineral assessment reports and property files from as early as 1929 to date and as recently as 2020. Documented exploration within the Golden Ivan Property includes extensive prospecting, geochemical analysis of surface rock and chip/channel samples, trenching, small-scale underground development, and geophysical surveys (airborne magnetic, VLF-EM, multi frequency EM, and magnetic / radiometric surveys).

A total of 124 rock and rock chip/channel samples were digitized, returning an average grade of 2.45 g/t Au and 79.4 g/t Ag, up to a maximum of 118 g/t Au and 2,400 g/t Ag. Of the 124 rock samples, a total of 17 returned greater than 1 g/t Au and a total of 16 returned greater than 50 g/t Ag, including seven samples returning both greater than 1 g/t Au and 50 g/t Ag.

Several small-scale historical workings occur within the Golden Ivan claim group, comprising surface pits, trenches, and short adits. These include the Gold Ore, Eagle & Big Bell, Magee Sky Annex, and Molly-B prospects near the western claim boundary. Molly B prospect sampling returned assays up to 45.7 g/t Au and 90.2 g/t Ag, with an average grade of 9.2 g/t Au on 11 samples collected intermittently over a 750 m NW trending zone. In addition, the area between the Silverado No. 4 and Magee Sky Annex shows a northeast trend returned assays including 6.2 g/t Au, 1,300 g/t Ag and 1.4 g/t Au, 2,400 g/t Ag. The significant Silverado No. 4 workings, located to the south outside the Property, returned values up to 60 g/t Au and 90 g/t Ag.

The historical compilation results demonstrate the potential to expand and further delineate historical high-grade gold-silver mineralization with continued exploration.

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Zulema, Chile (Properties owned by Chilean Metals Inc.)

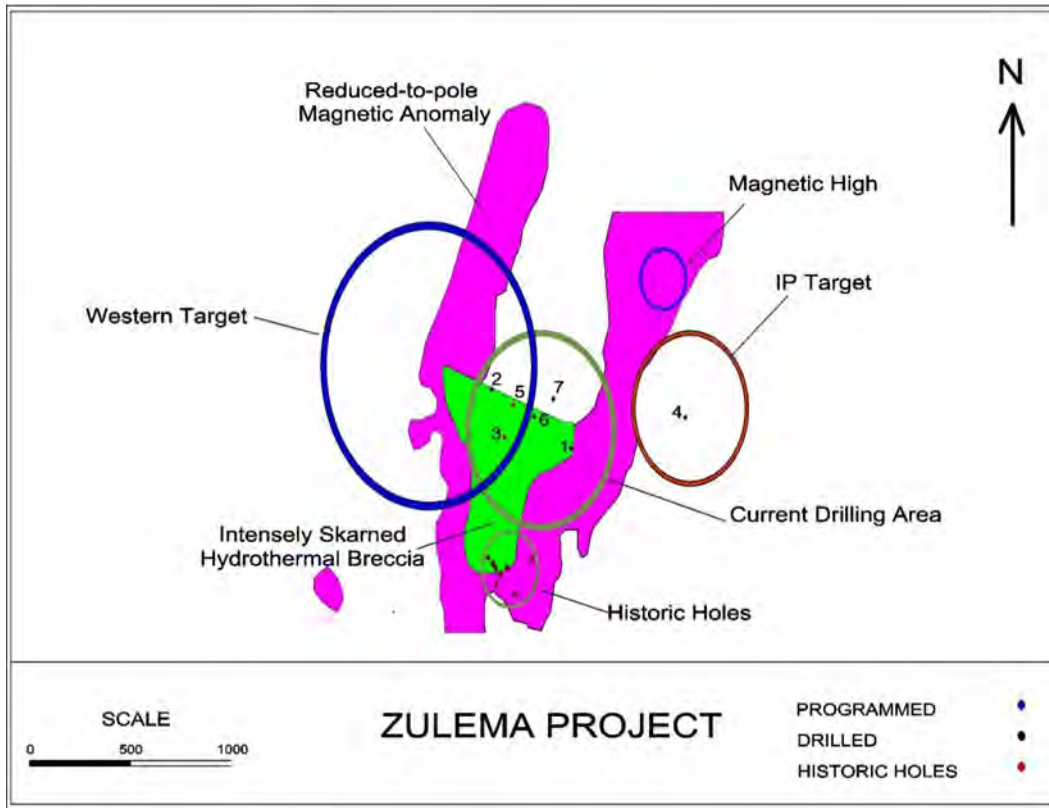
In 2013, the Company acquired 23 exploration concessions totaling approximately 2,105 hectares surrounding its five then existing Zulema mining concessions in Chile's Third Region. In 2014, the Company acquired nine additional mining concessions totaling 724 hectares from a third party. In March 2015, the Company completed the acquisition from another third party of three additional mining concessions totaling 600 hectares. The Zulema property now consists of 4,300 hectares (10,626 acres). All concessions are held 100% by IPBX and Minera Palo Negro Ltda, with no underlying third-party royalty or net profits interest. The project is located 30 kilometres from the giant Cu Au Candelaria mine of Lundin Mining Corporation and in a very similar geological environment.

During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company commenced drilling its Zulema project. With the Candelaria mine as a model, the exploratory drill program tested two geologically distinct targets: a 1+ square km. area of intense garnet scapolite skarn breccia (Skarn Target) and a large Induced Polarization chargeability anomaly on its eastern flank. (IP Target). The initial results released on February 27, 2017 suggested the potential that Chilean had found, IOCG style mineralization.

Drill holes 1, 6 and 7 assisted in defining the boundaries of the eastern skarn and related sulphide mineralization. Drill hole 4, targeting the IP target, was terminated before reaching bedrock. The target remains open. Hole 3 had a six meter section from 285.32 – 291.32 meters which contained 0.66% Cu, 23.6% Fe and 0.52 g/t Au. It also contained an additional intercept from 325.20 to 335.20 that assayed 0.34% Cu, 10.0 % Fe and 0.16 g/t Au. Hole 5 located 272 meters north and east of 3 also had some interesting highlights, in particular, several lenses of two and four meters in length with individual 2 meters sections assaying up to 0.43% Cu, 4.9 % Fe and 0.29 g/t Au.

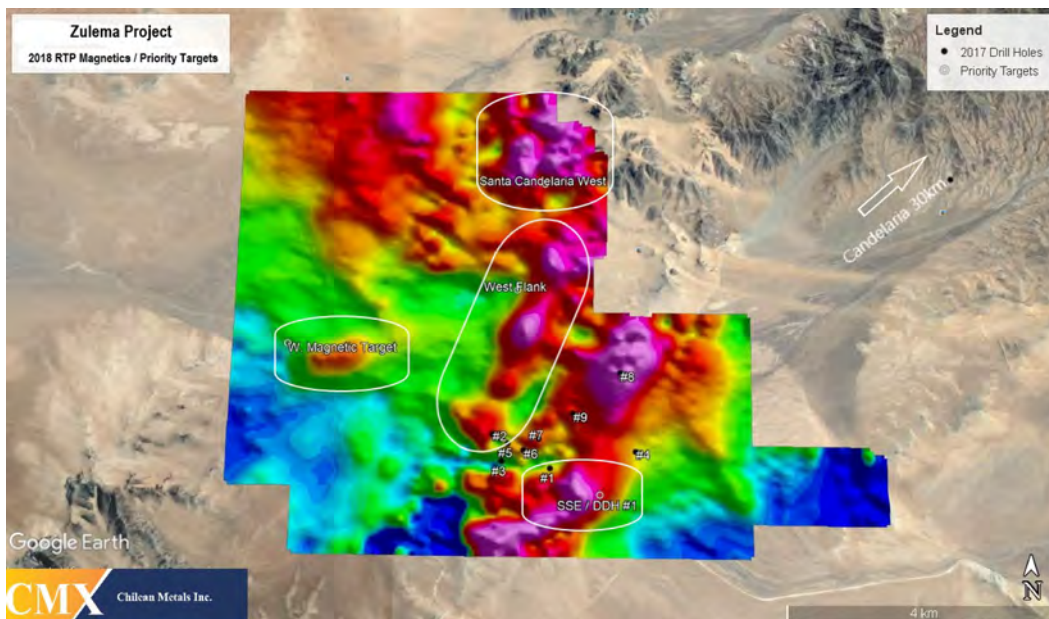
Initial drill results confirm that host rocks and alteration fit the Candelaria model. The presence of copper-bearing magnetite skarn, interbedded magnetite chalcopyrite bands, more massive chalcopyrite clots in drill hole 5, biotite magnetite alteration, potassic (K-spar), magnetite and hematite veining and local mineralized breccias suggests proximity to a larger mineralized target.

A review of the drill core has been completed with the results suggest the focus of ongoing exploration should be towards the west near drill holes 2, 3 and 5 where the skarn appears as a more receptive host for mineralization. In drill hole 2, quartz stock-work and siliceous breccia suggest proximity to a high temperature heat source / intrusion. Directly east of drill hole 2 at drill-hole 5, widespread low grade copper mineralization occurs as large 1 cm chalcopyrite clots within the skarn. Due south of 5, drill hole 3 contained wide intersections of skarn including several lenses of iron rich, IOCG style copper mineralization. Holes 2, 3, 5 assays are reported in detail in the April 3, 2017 press release.



The Company engaged Southern Rock Geophysics, a consulting firm with over 20 years experience in the Andean Region. Familiar with both the Porphyry and IOCG depositional models, Southern Rock brings the expertise required to search for a blind target in the challenging desert of Chile.

242-line kilometers of data was collected along 55 north – south survey line segments in order to assist in target selection prior to the Company’s planned Phase II drill program. The results of the survey were positive, delineating 4 key target areas for detailed follow-up in 2019.



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The magnetic survey delineated a 2km. wide corridor trending northeast from the southern margin of the survey area north to the Santa Candelaria workings as shown in Figure 1. A preliminary review of the data indicates there are 4 target areas that require detailed follow-up. From north to south, the targets are Santa Candelaria West, the West Flank, SW Magnetic High and SSE / DDH#1.

The Santa Candelaria target lies due west of the Santa Candelaria mine workings where Cu mineralization is characterized by chalcopyrite disseminations and veins within a magnetite / hematite calcisilicate skarn. Exposure is relatively abundant west of the workings and will be investigated prior to the commencement of a gravity survey.

The West Flank of the magnetic corridor is a priority target due to the style of mineralization encountered in drill hole #5 where coarse-grained chalcopyrite was noted at depth. Elevated magnetics northwest of Drill hole #5 in addition to a large peak along the western edge of the corridor are priority targets.

In the western portion of the project, the SW Magnetic Target is easily identifiable and located due east of a copper showing and along a NW trending lineament. The target is covered by alluvial material and will require additional ground geophysics and processing to resolve its potential.

To the southeast of drill hole #1, a magnetic high has been identified along the eastern edge of the magnetic corridor. This target is along the eastern edge of a copper bearing hydrothermal breccia that was drilled in 2017. Its location along a very sharp magnetic boundary at an interpreted intersection of the same NW trending lineament crosscutting the SW Magnetic Target makes it a priority.

The Company intends to conduct additional IP Ground work on specific Zulema targets prior to developing drilling plans.

Tierra de Oro (TDO), Chile

Tierra de Oro is an advanced stage exploration project located in Region III on the eastern flank of Chile's Coastal Iron Oxide Copper Gold belt. The property lies about 50 kilometres south of the large Candelaria copper-gold-silver-iron mine. It consists of 5,667 hectares covering the historic Chanchero gold camp and numerous areas of historic oxide copper workings.

The Company initially became involved in the property in 1996 as a joint venture with Princeton Mining to explore for acid-soluble copper deposits. During the course of this exploration the Chanchero gold camp was re-discovered and added to the property. In 1998 the Company bought out Princeton's interest. The property was dormant between 1999 and 2002 but reactivated in late 2003. To date the Company has conducted property-wide geological, geochemical, geophysical surveys and limited trenching and drilling. The surveys delineated five major gold bearing structure zones between 200 and 1000 metres in length. Within these zones a number of gold exploration targets were identified.

In November 2007, the Company commenced a 7,000 metre drill program to test the identified gold targets. Drill results failed to corroborate the positive gold values obtained by previous surface sampling. However, areas of significant silver-copper mineralization identified in shears and mantos within volcanic strata in the eastern sector of the property justified additional work. Highlights included drill hole RC56, which intersected 40 metres of 16 g/t silver including 13 metres of 40 g/t silver and RC58 which intersected 40 metres of 8.2 g/t silver.

On February 21, 2008, following completion of an induced polarization ("IP") survey, the Company announced the discovery of an IP anomaly in the Chanchero zone. The large near-surface anomaly is elongated northeast-southwest, the core of which measures 900 by 300 metres and is open to extension at depth. The intensity and homogeneity of this chargeability response, coincident with a strong magnetic low anomaly and coupled with the presence of an altered porphyry intrusion may indicate the presence of a large sulphide-rich system at moderate depth.

In February 2011, the Company completed an Airborne ZTEM survey over the Tierra de Oro property in areas where potential iron oxide copper gold ("IOCG") targets and mineralized zones had been previously identified by geological, geochemical and ground geophysical programs. Two magnetic anomalies of significant size were identified: one north of the Chanchero zone and another located in the area known as Las Lomitas zone and associated with copper-silver manto prospects.

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In the spring and summer of 2013 a complete review and analysis of TDO was completed by Dr. Chris Hodgson. As a result, the Company has identified two potential bulk copper-gold targets that the Company believes warrant a targeted exploratory drill program.

During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company engaged the services of Windfall Geotek (formerly Albert Mining); a leading Artificial Intelligence firm in the mining sector. Windfall used its proprietary CARDS (Computer Aided Resource Detection System) to analyze the many years of geological, geophysical and geochemical data accumulated by the Company. The data identified five areas of interest. One is the primary drilling target previously identified as Chanchero. The other four are gold copper targets.

On November 18, 2020, the Company announced that it has started on Phase 1 of drilling at its Tierra de Oro (Land of Gold) project in 3rd Region of Atacama about 75 km south of Copiapó, Chile.

The phase 1 drilling program at Tierra de Oro was focused on the Chanchero zone and further confirmed the existence of a strong hydrothermal system in the local area. Drilling demonstrated discontinuous fault bound zones of characteristic phyllic-propylitic-argillic alteration, and widespread pyrite mineralization in stockworks and veins in most of the drillholes. A total of five diamond drill holes were completed for a total of 1,500 m of recovered core, resulting in approximately 850 collected samples. Drill assay highlights include a two-metre sample at 120 m depth encountered in Hole 3 grading 716 g/t Silver and 0.453% Copper, adjacent to a highly fractured fault zone with no core recovery.

The project area is structurally controlled by the Elisa de Bordos fault, separating 2 domains; an intrusive one associated with Gold, where the Chancheros project is located, and another volcanoclastic domain associated with Copper – Silver, where the Las Lomitas and Jaqueline projects are located.

The AI study delivered targets for surface exploration at Las Lomitas where the results obtained from ground truth sampling from nine (9) rock chip samples graded between 0.77% to 3.23% Copper and 22 to 169 g/t Silver. The next step is to perform geophysics on these mineralized areas to identify new targets of drilling.

Other Chile Properties

Chilean Metals Inc. owns additional mining concessions in Chile related to the Hornitos, Palo Negro and Tabaco properties.

Property Expenditures

Costs incurred on the Company's exploration and evaluation assets for the year ended December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024:

	Zulema	Nisk	Golden Ivan	KSA	Total
Assays	\$ -	\$ 174,416	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 174,416
Claim costs	162,123	7,211	-	-	169,334
Drilling	3,502	4,837,555	-	-	4,841,057
Feasibility study	-	2,625,200	-	-	2,625,200
Field costs	133,053	678,333	-	-	811,386
Geophysics and geological	172,340	5,772,649	125,601	-	6,070,590
Year ended December 31, 2024	\$ 471,018	\$ 14,095,364	\$ 125,601	\$ -	\$ 14,691,983
Assays	\$ -	\$ 789,069	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 789,069
Claim costs	438,715	18,976	-	-	457,691
Drilling	1,469	8,676,371	-	-	8,677,840
Feasibility study	-	634,735	-	-	634,735
Field costs	90,086	1,682,648	-	-	1,772,734
Geophysics and geological	96,382	10,882,934	51,596	1,082	11,031,994
Acquisition costs	-	7,171,807	-	-	7,171,807
Year ended December 31, 2025	\$ 626,652	\$ 29,856,540	\$ 51,596	\$ 1,082	\$ 30,535,870

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Year ended December 31, 2025, compared with year ended December 31, 2024

The Company's loss for the year ended December 31, 2025 was \$39,027,927 (\$(0.18) per share), compared to \$21,001,914 (\$(0.12) per share) for the year ended December 31, 2024. Significant variations are described below. Note certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current periods presentation.

	For the year ended December 31,		Variance	Comments
	2025	2024		
Administration fees	\$ 1,989,211	\$ 1,220,000	\$ 769,211	Increase in base compensation, the grant of bonuses, and consulting fees were incurred related to the Spin out transaction and other business matters from Directors.
Exploration expenditures	30,535,870	14,691,983	15,843,887	Majority of the increase was related to the acquisition and exploration activities at the Nisk property in the current period. See "Exploration" above for description of work done.
Interest income	(940,820)	-	(940,820)	During the period the Company invested cash not used for operations into GIC's which provided interest income.
Investor relations	2,334,475	1,212,429	1,122,046	Consulting fees were incurred related to the Spin out transaction.
Professional fees	1,375,970	577,405	798,565	Increase was due to spin-out related professional services in the current period.
Shareholder Communications	1,308,697	859,179	449,518	Increase during the current period is due to engagement of new vendors
Flow-through liability amortization	(5,364,983)	(4,494,683)	(870,300)	The Company has adopted a policy whereby proceeds from flow-through issuances are allocated between the offering of shares and the sale of tax benefits based on the difference between the quoted price of the existing shares and the amount the investor pays for the shares. A liability is recognized for this difference and is extinguished by crediting Flow-through liability amortization on a pro-rata basis as the expenditures are made.
Other expenses	7,789,507	6,935,601	853,906	Non-significant variances in other expenses items.
Total	\$ 39,027,927	\$ 21,001,914	\$ 18,026,013	

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Three months ended December 31, 2025, compared with three months ended December 31, 2024

The Company's loss for the three months ended December 31, 2025 was \$7,031,517 (\$0.03 per share), compared to loss of \$6,788,864 (\$0.03 per share) for 2024. Significant variations are described below. Note certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current periods presentation.

	For the three months ended December 31,		Variance	Comments
	2025	2024		
Depreciation	\$ 1,020	\$ 634	\$ 386	Decrease was due to completion of Spin-out, and other corporate targets achieved.
Exploration expenditures	\$ 8,102,330	\$ 4,447,343	\$ 3,654,987	Majority of the increase was related to the acquisition and exploration activities at the Nisk property in the current period. See "Exploration" above for description of work done.
Interest income	(407,477)	-	(407,477)	During the period the Company invested additional cash into GIC's to earn interest income.
Investor relations	730,484	307,691	422,793	Consulting fees were incurred related to the Spin out transaction and other business
Flow-through liability amortization	(3,896,320)	(272,295)	(3,624,025)	The Company has adopted a policy whereby proceeds from flow-through issuances are allocated between the offering of shares and the sale of tax benefits based on the difference between the quoted price of the existing shares and the amount the investor pays for the shares. A liability is recognized for this difference and is extinguished by crediting Flow-through liability amortization on a pro-rata basis as the expenditures are made.
Other expenses	2,501,480	2,305,491	195,989	Non-significant variances in other expenses items.
Total	\$ 7,031,517	\$ 6,788,864	\$ 242,653	

SELECTED ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following is selected financial data derived from the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company at December 31, 2025, December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

	Year ended December 31, 2025 (\$)	Year ended December 31, 2024 (\$)	Year ended December 31, 2023 (\$)
Total revenues	nil	nil	nil
Total loss	39,027,927	21,001,914	10,815,590
Net loss per share - basic and diluted	(0.18)	(0.12)	0.08

	As at December 31, 2025 (\$)	As at December 31, 2024 (\$)	As at December 31, 2023 (\$)
Total assets	24,413,375	7,805,121	3,734,149
Total non-current financial liabilities	nil	nil	55,464
Distribution or cash dividends	nil	nil	nil

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SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

Quarter Ended	Revenues	Loss for the Period	Loss Per Share - Basic and Diluted
December 31, 2025	\$ nil	\$ 7,031,517	\$ 0.03
September 30, 2025	\$ nil	\$ 17,235,476	\$ 0.07
June 30, 2025	\$ nil	\$ 6,290,491	\$ 0.03
March 31, 2025	\$ nil	\$ 8,470,443	\$ 0.05
December 31, 2024	\$ nil	\$ 6,788,864	\$ 0.03
September 30, 2024	\$ nil	\$ 6,458,099	\$ 0.03
June 30, 2024	\$ nil	\$ 5,496,570	\$ 0.03
March 31, 2024	\$ nil	\$ 2,258,381	\$ 0.03

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company finances its operations through the sale of its equity securities, bridge loans and other financing activities. The Company has no producing mineral properties. The Company expects to obtain financing in the future primarily through equity financing, loans and convertible debt instruments. There can be no assurance that the Company will succeed in obtaining additional financing, now and in the future. Failure to raise additional financing on a timely basis could cause the Company to suspend its operations and/or sell its interests in its properties.

The continuing operations of the Company are dependent on its ability to generate future cash flows or obtain additional financing. Management believes it will be able to raise funds as required in the long term, but recognizes the risks attached thereto.

As at December 31, 2025, the Company had current assets of \$24,020,197 (December 31, 2024 - \$7,791,533) and current liabilities of \$18,547,048 (December 31, 2024 - \$3,223,092).

As at December 31, 2025, the Company has unpaid property tax for various mineral exploration property claims totaling approximately 392,773,681 Chilean Pesos (\$598,925) (December 31, 2024 - 154,298,974 Chilean Pesos (\$222,365)) which has been included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities as at December 31, 2025. In the event that the claims are put up for tax auction, the Company expects to have a notice period to make the payment for the portion of this amount required. The property tax commitment for 2026 fiscal year is 146,714,392 Chilean Pesos (\$223,719).

Liabilities also include a flow-through liability of \$15,329,169 which is not settled through cash payments, instead this balance is amortized against qualifying flow-through expenditures. Pursuant to the terms of flow-through share agreement, the Corporation is in the process of complying with its flow-through contractual obligations to subscribers with respect to the Income Tax Act (Canada) requirements for flow-through shares. As of December 31, 2025, the Corporation was committed to incurring approximately \$31,475,934 by December 31, 2026 in Canadian Exploration Expenditures (as such term is defined in the Income Tax Act (Canada)), arising from the flow-through offerings.

As at December 31, 2025, the Company had 32,642,499 common share purchase warrants outstanding that were in-the-money, representing potential gross proceeds of \$16,567,999, of which 24,617,500 warrants, representing potential gross proceeds of \$7,038,313 are subject to an acceleration clause under the original warrant terms and may be called by the Company within 30 days. In addition, the Company had 18,495,000 common share options outstanding, representing potential gross proceeds of \$13,964,835, of which 14,020,000 options were in-the-money, representing potential gross proceeds of \$7,210,585.

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During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company had cash out flows from operating activities of \$35,093,843 (year ended December 31, 2024 – \$22,210,804). Cash operating activities and used in operations consist of cash used to fund the loss of \$39,027,927, the impact of non cash items of \$4,473,334, and the change in non-cash working capital of \$539,250. Non cash items of \$4,473,334 consisted of depreciation of \$4,080, share-based payments of \$3,362,430, Li-FT acquisition of \$6,471,807, and offset by flow-through liability amortization of \$5,364,983. Cash used for working capital purposes of \$539,250 consisted of an increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$1,182,639, a decrease in prepaid expenses of \$237,915, and offset by an increase of sales tax receivables of \$1,647,596, and a decrease in net amounts owed to related parties of \$312,208.

During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company received net cash of \$49,995,091 from financing activities. The Company received proceeds from a private placement that closed on February 27, 2025 of \$49,999,800 and incurred share issuance costs of \$2,429,534, received proceeds from the exercise of options of \$1,402,125, and received proceeds from the exercise of warrants of \$1,022,700.

Cash used in investing activities of \$394,473 as due to the requirement for the license the Company placed a bond with Ministry of Industry and Mineral Resources of Saudi Ariba in the amount of \$383,670 (Saudi Riyal 1,050,000), which will be returned in March 2030.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, due from related parties, advances from shareholders, accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The carrying amounts of these financial instruments are a reasonable estimate of their fair values because of their current nature and current market rates for similar financial instruments.

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

a) Credit risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risks consist principally of cash. To minimize the credit risk the Company places cash with financial institutions. The Company's current policy is to invest excess cash in investment-grade short-term deposit certificates issued by reputable financial institutions with which it keeps its bank accounts.

b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not have sufficient cash resources to meet its financial obligations as they come due. The Company's liquidity and operating results may be adversely affected if its access to the capital market is hindered, whether as a result of a downturn in stock market conditions generally or matters specific to the Company. The Company generates cash flow primarily from its financing activities. As at December 31, 2025, the Company had cash, sales tax receivable, and amounts due from related parties of \$23,784,913 (December 31, 2024 - \$7,318,334) to settle current liabilities excluding the flow-through liability of \$3,217,879 (December 31, 2024 - \$2,035,240). All of the Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of 30 days or are due on demand and are subject to normal trade terms, except for the debentures payable. The Company regularly evaluates its cash position to ensure preservation and security of capital as well as liquidity and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The following are the undiscounted amounts and contractual maturities of the Company's financial liabilities as at December 31, 2025:

	<1 year	1-2 years	>2 years
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 3,210,879	\$ -	\$ -
Advances from shareholders	7,000	-	-
Total	\$ 3,217,879	\$ -	\$ -

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c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Company is not exposed to interest rate risk because it does not have loans that have a floating interest rate.

d) Foreign currency risk

The Company's functional currency is the Canadian dollar. However, the Company is exposed to the currency risk related to the fluctuation of foreign exchange rates as some of the Company's operations are located in Chile and Saudi Arabia. A significant change in the currency exchange rates between the Canadian dollar relative to the Chilean peso could have an effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position and/or cash flows. The Company has not hedged its exposure to currency fluctuations. The sensitivity of the Company's net loss and comprehensive loss to changes in the exchange rate between the Canadian dollar and the Chilean peso resulting from a 1% change in the Chilean peso exchange rate relative to the Canadian dollar would change the Company's net loss by approximately \$705 (December 31, 2024 - \$727).

The Company is also exposed to the currency risk related to the fluctuation of US Dollar as some of the Company's expenses are denominated in US Dollars. As at December 31, 2025, currency risk for the US Dollar was not significant.

e) Commodity price risk

The Company's ability to raise capital to fund exploration or development activities is subject to risks associated with fluctuations in the market price of gold and copper. The Company closely monitors commodity prices to determine the appropriate course of actions to be taken.

CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue the development of its mineral properties and to maintain a flexible capital structure for its projects for the benefit of its stakeholders, to maintain creditworthiness and to maximize returns for shareholders over the long term. As the Company is in the exploration stage, its principal source of funds is from the issuance of common shares and alternative financing activities dependent on market conditions.

The Company's capital management objectives, policies and processes have remained unchanged during the year ended December 31, 2025. The Company is not subject to any capital requirements imposed by a lending institution or regulatory body, other than Policy 2.5 of the TSX-V which requires adequate working capital or financial resources of the greater of (i) \$50,000 and (ii) an amount required in order to maintain operations and cover general and administrative expenses for a period of 6 months. As of December 31, 2025, the Company is compliant with Policy 2.5.

The Company includes the components of shareholders' equity in its management of capital.

As at December 31, 2025, the Company had capital resources consisting of cash. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares, obtain loans or issue debenture securities to raise cash.

The Company's investment policy is to invest its cash in investment instruments in high credit quality financial institutions with terms to maturity selected with regards to the expected time of expenditures from continuing operations.

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ENVIRONMENTAL LIABILITIES

The Company is not aware of any environmental liabilities or obligations associated with its mineral properties. The Company is conducting its operations in a manner consistent with governing environmental legislation.

OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company is not a party to any off-balance sheet arrangements or transactions.

RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS

Related parties include the Board of Directors, officers, close family members and enterprises that are controlled by these individuals as well as certain persons performing similar functions.

As at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company is not aware of any insiders that control a significant portion of the total common shares outstanding. To the knowledge of directors and officers of the Company, the remainder of the outstanding common shares are held by diverse shareholders. These holdings can change at any time at the discretion of the owner.

(a) The Company entered into the following transactions with related parties:

	Notes	Year ended December 31,	
		2025	2024
Administration expense	(i)(iii)	\$ 1,787,000	\$ 1,270,000
Accounting expense	(ii)	\$ 97,581	\$ 93,625
Stock based compensation		\$ 980,273	\$ 1,033,843

(i) For the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company incurred consulting fees from a company controlled by an officer and a director of \$975,000 (year ended December 31, 2024 - \$650,000) recorded in administration fees.

(ii) For the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company incurred accounting expenses from companies related to an officer of \$97,581 (year ended December 31, 2024 - \$93,625) recorded in professional fees.

(iii) For the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company incurred consulting fees from directors of \$812,000 (year ended December 31, 2024 - \$620,000) recorded in administration fees.

(iv) As at December 31, 2025, the Company has a receivable of \$435,033 (December 31, 2024 - outstanding of \$158,913) from an officer and director. This amount is unsecured, non-interest bearing and due on demand.

(v) As at December 31, 2025, included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is \$24,000 (December 31, 2024 - \$54,000) due to directors and key management, these amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing, and due on demand.

(vi) As at December 31, 2025, included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is \$106,213 (December 31, 2024 - \$51,000) due to family members an officer and director of the Company. As at December 31, 2025, included in prepaid deposits is \$36,088 (December 31, 2024 - \$63,417) paid to these family members.

(vii) For the year ended December 31, 2025, the Companies incurred consulting fees of \$579,765 (December 31, 2024 - \$205,009), to companies controlled by family members of an officer and director of the Company recorded in professional fees, investor relation fees, share issuance costs, and website development fees.

(viii) As at December 31, 2025, the Company has a balance outstanding to shareholders of \$7,000 (December 31, 2024 - \$7,000). This amount is unsecured, due on demand, and non-interest bearing.

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(ix) On April 12, 2024, the Company closed a private placement of 11,889,875 common shares of the Company, at a price of \$0.20 per share for aggregate gross proceeds of \$2,377,975. The directors of the Company participated in the private placement for aggregate investment of \$333,125.

(x) The Company has entered into four consulting agreements with a Director and companies controlled by Directors of the Company. The obligation under these agreements amounts to \$950,000 per year.

Payments to directors and key management personnel of the Company include certain transactions with related parties in (a) above, and (b) remuneration to directors and key management personnel of the Company. The above noted transactions are in the normal course of business and approved by the Board of Directors.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

New standards adopted

During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company adopted a number of new IFRS standards, interpretations, amendments and improvements of existing standards. These new standards and changes did not have any material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

New standards not yet adopted

Certain pronouncements were issued by the IASB or the IFRIC that are mandatory for accounting periods commencing on or after January 1, 2026. Many are not applicable or do not have a significant impact to the Company and have been excluded.

In April 2024, the IASB issued IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements to improve reporting of financial performance. The new standards replaces IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements. IFRS 18 introduces new categories and required subtotals in the statement of profit and loss and also requires disclosure of management-defined performance measures. It also includes new requirements for the location, aggregation and disaggregation of financial information. The standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027, including interim financial statements. Retrospective application is required and early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently assessing the impact of this new accounting standard on its audited consolidated financial statements.

In May 2024, the IASB issued amendments to the classification and measurement requirements in IFRS 9. The amendments will address diversity in accounting practice by making the requirements more understandable and consistent. These include: (1) Clarifying the classification and assessment of contractual cash flows of financial assets with environmental, social and corporate governance ("ESG"), (2) Settlement of liabilities through electronic payment systems - the amendments clarify the date on which a financial asset or financial liability is derecognized. The IASB also decided to develop an accounting policy option to allow a company to derecognize a financial liability before it delivers cash on the settlement date if specified criteria are met. With these amendments, the IASB has also introduced additional disclosure requirements to enhance transparency for investors regarding investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial instruments with contingent features, for example features tied to ESG-linked targets. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2026. The Company does not expect any material impact as a result of this new accounting standard on its audited consolidated financial statements.

TRENDS AND ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

The Company continues to monitor its spending and will amend its plans based on business opportunities that may arise in the future. Management regularly monitors economic conditions and estimates their impact on the Company's operations and incorporates these estimates in both short-term operating and longer term strategic decisions.

Material uncertainties may arise that could influence management's going concern assumption. Management cannot accurately predict the future impact of the following among many other things:

- Global gold prices;
- Demand for gold and the ability to explore for gold;
- Impact of tariffs;
- Purchasing power of the Canadian dollar; and
- Ability to obtain funding.

OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA AS OF REPORT DATE

As of the date of this MD&A, the Company has the following securities issued and outstanding: (a) 236,575,816 Common Shares; (b) 32,712,499 Warrants; and (c) 13,020,000 Stock options.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On January 19, 2026, the Company provided a preliminary metallurgical results performed by SGS Canada Ltd from representative samples of Lion zone mineralization.

On February 18, 2026, the Company provided an exploration update of recent drilling and results of regional exploration from its fall drill program.

On February 19, 2026, the Company's subsidiary Chilean Metals Inc. announced that it has commenced trading on the TSX Venture Exchange (the "TSXV") under the symbol "CMCG".

On March 3, 2026, the Company provided an exploration update of recent drilling and results of regional exploration from its fall drill program.

On March 6, 2026, the Company provided press release at the request of OTC Markets, regarding the recent promotional/Marketing Activity concerning the Company and its common shares traded on the OTCQX marketplace.

On March 10, 2026, the Company provided a release of assays from its fall 2025 drill program and the first hole of the Winter 2026 campaign.

On April 15, 2026, the Company announced the release of assays from its Winter 2026 drill campaign.

DISCLOSURE OF INTERNAL CONTROLS

Management has established processes to provide them sufficient knowledge to support representations that they have exercised reasonable diligence that (i) the consolidated financial statements do not contain any untrue statement of material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it is made, as of the date of and for the periods presented by the consolidated financial statements; and (ii) the consolidated financial statements fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, financial performance and cash flows of the Company, as of the date of and for the periods presented.

In contrast to the certificate required for non-venture issuers under National Instrument 52-109 Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings ("NI 52-109"), the Venture Issuer Basic Certificate filed by the Company does not include representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of disclosure controls and procedures ("DC&P") and internal control over financial reporting ("ICFR"), as defined in NI 52-109. In particular, the certifying officers filing such certificate are not making any representations relating to the establishment and

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maintenance of:

i) controls and other procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the issuer in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in securities legislation; and

ii) a process to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with the issuer's generally accepted accounting principles (IFRS).

The Company's certifying officers are responsible for ensuring that processes are in place to provide them with sufficient knowledge to support the representations they are making in such certificate. Investors should be aware that inherent limitations on the ability of certifying officers of a venture issuer to design and implement on a cost effective basis DC&P and ICFR as defined in NI 52-109 may result in additional risks to the quality, reliability, transparency and timeliness of interim and annual filings and other reports provided under securities legislation.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The information provided in this document is not intended to be a comprehensive review of all matters concerning the Company. The users of this information, including but not limited to investors and prospective investors, should read it in conjunction with all other disclosure documents provided including but not limited to all documents filed on SEDAR+ (www.sedarplus.ca).

An investment in the securities of the Company is highly speculative and involves numerous and significant risks. Such investment should be undertaken only by investors whose financial resources are sufficient to enable them to assume these risks and who have no need for immediate liquidity in their investment. Prospective investors should carefully consider the risk factors that have affected, and which in the future are reasonably expected to affect, the Company and its financial position.

Nature of Mineral Exploration and Mining

The Company's future is dependent on the Company's exploration and evaluation programs. The exploration and evaluation of mineral deposits involves significant financial risks over a prolonged period of time, which a combination of careful evaluation, experience and knowledge may not eliminate. Few properties that are explored are ultimately developed into economically viable operating mines. Major expenditures on the Company's exploration properties may be required in constructing mining and processing facilities at a site, and it is possible that even preliminary due diligence will show adverse results, leading to the abandonment of projects. It is impossible to ensure that preliminary feasibility studies or final feasibility studies on the Company's projects or the current or proposed exploration programs on any of the properties in which the Company has exploration rights will result in any profitable commercial mining operation. The Company cannot give any assurance that its current and future exploration activities will result in a discovery of mineral deposits containing Mineral Reserves. The Company's exploration and evaluation may be hampered by mining, heritage and environmental legislation, industrial accidents, industrial disputes, cost overruns, land claims and compensation and other unforeseen contingencies.

The Company does not currently operate a mine on any of its properties. There is no certainty that the expenditures made by the Company towards the search for and evaluation of mineral deposits will result in discoveries that are commercially viable. Whether a deposit will be commercially viable depends on a number of factors, some of which are the particular attributes of the deposit, such as its size and grade, proximity to infrastructure, financing costs and governmental regulations, including regulations relating to prices, taxes, royalties, infrastructure, land use, importing and exporting of metal concentrates, exchange controls and environmental protection. The effect of these factors cannot be accurately predicted, but the combination of any or all of these factors may result in the Company not receiving an adequate return on invested capital or have a material adverse effect on the Company's business and financial condition. In addition, assuming discovery of a commercial ore-body, depending on the type of mining operation involved, several years can elapse from the initial phase of drilling until commercial operations are commenced. Most of the above factors are beyond the Company's control.

Limited Operating History

The Company's properties are in the exploration stage and are not commercially viable at this time. The Company has not recorded any revenues from mining operations and there is no certainty that the exploration expenditures towards the search and evaluation of mineral deposits will result in discoveries of commercial quantities of ore or that the Company will generate revenue, operate profitably or provide a return on investment in the future. There can be no assurance that significant additional losses will not occur in the future. The operating expenses and capital expenditures may increase in subsequent years with advancing exploration, evaluation, development of properties if proven successful and/or production of the properties. The Company does not expect to receive revenues from operations in the foreseeable future. The Company expects to incur losses until such time as its properties enter into commercial production and generate sufficient revenue to fund its continuing operations. The development of the Company's properties will require the commitment of substantial resources and there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to finance its operations externally.

There can be no assurance that the Company's exploration programs will result in locating commercially exploitable mineral ores or that its properties will be successfully developed. There can be no assurance that the underlying assumed levels of expenses will prove to be accurate.

Ability to Continue as a Going Concern

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to continue to raise adequate financing to fund its continuing exploration, evaluation activities and development of properties if they are proven successful. There is no assurance that the Company will either achieve or maintain profitability in the future.

Requirement for Further Financing

The further exploration of the various mineral properties in which the Company holds interests and the acquisition of additional properties depends upon the Company's ability to obtain financing through joint ventures of projects, debt financing, equity financing or other means. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to raise the balance of the financing required or that such financing can be obtained without substantial dilution to shareholders. Failure to obtain additional financing on a timely basis could cause the Company to reduce or terminate its operations or lose its interest in one or more of its properties.

In order to continue exploring the Company's mineral properties and acquiring additional properties, management will be required to pursue additional sources of financing. While management has been successful in obtaining such financing in the past, there is no assurance that it will be successful in the future. Failure to obtain sufficient financing may result in delaying or indefinitely postponing exploration, evaluation, development of or production on any or all of the Company's properties if they are proven successful, or even loss of property interest. It may also prevent the Company from meeting its obligations under agreements to which it is a party as a result of which, its interest in the properties may be reduced. There can be no assurance that additional capital or other types of financing, if needed, will be available or, if available, the terms of such financing will be favourable to the Company.

The amount of administrative expenditures is related to the level of financing and exploration activities that are being conducted, which in turn may depend on our recent exploration experience and prospects, as well as general market conditions relating to the availability of funding for exploration-stage resource companies. As a result, there may not be predictable or observable trends in our business activities and comparison of financial operating results with prior years may not be meaningful.

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Title Matters

The Company has taken reasonable measures, in accordance with industry standards for properties at the same stage of exploration as those of the Company to ensure proper title to its properties. However, there is no guarantee that title to any of its properties will not be challenged or impugned. Title insurance generally is not available for mining claims in Canada and the Company's ability to ensure that it has obtained secure claim to individual mineral properties or mining concessions may be limited. The Company's properties may be subject to prior unregistered liens, agreements, transfers or claims, including native land claims and title may be affected by, among other things, undetected defects. In addition, the Company may be unable to operate the properties as permitted or to enforce its rights with respect to its properties. The failure to comply with all applicable laws and regulations, including a failure to pay taxes, carry out and file assessment work, may invalidate title to portions of the properties where the mineral rights are not held by the Company.

Market Factors and Volatility of Ore Prices

There is no assurance that a profitable market will exist for the sale of mineralized material which may be acquired or discovered by the Company. There can be no assurance that ore prices received will be such that the Company's properties can be mined at a profit. Prices of minerals have fluctuated widely, particularly in recent years, and are affected by numerous factors beyond the Company's control. Commodity prices are subject to volatile price changes from a variety of factors including international economic and political trends, expectations of inflation, global and regional demand, currency exchange fluctuations, interest rates and global or regional consumption patterns, speculative activities and increased production due to improved mining and production methods.

Future mineral prices cannot be accurately predicted. A severe decline in the price of a mineral being produced or expected to be produced by the Company would have a material adverse effect on the Company, and could result in the suspension of mining operations by the Company if such mining operations have commenced. Factors impacting the price of ore include political and economic conditions in mineral producing and consuming countries and production levels and costs of production in other jurisdictions.

Environmental Regulations and other Regulatory Requirements

The Company is subject to substantial environmental and other regulatory requirements and such regulations are becoming more stringent. All phases of exploration and development operations are subject to environmental regulations. Environmental legislation is evolving in a manner which will require stricter standards and enforcement, increased fines and penalties for non-compliance, more stringent environmental assessments of proposed projects and a heightened degree of responsibility for companies and their officers, directors and employees. There is no assurance that future changes in environmental regulation, if any, will not adversely affect the Company's operations. Environmental hazards may exist on the properties in which the Company holds interests which are presently unknown to the Company and which have been caused by previous or existing owners or operators of the properties.

Although the Company intends to comply fully with all environmental regulations, failure to comply with applicable laws, regulations and permitting requirements may result in enforcement actions thereunder, including orders issued by regulatory or judicial authorities causing operations to cease or be curtailed, and may include corrective measures requiring capital expenditures, installation of additional equipment, or remedial actions. Parties engaged in mining operations or in the exploration or development of mineral properties may be required to compensate those suffering loss or damage by reason of the mining activities and may have civil or criminal fines or penalties imposed for violations of applicable laws or regulations.

Conflicts of Interest

Certain directors and officers of the Company may become or are also directors, officers or shareholders of other companies that are similarly engaged in the business of acquiring and exploiting natural resource properties. Such associations may give rise to conflicts of interest from time to time. The directors of the Company will be required by law to act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Company and to disclose any interest which they may have in any project or opportunity of the Company. If a conflict of interest arises at a meeting of the board of directors, any director in a conflict is required under the British Columbia Business Corporations Act to disclose his interest and to abstain from voting on such matter.

Market Price of Common Shares

Securities of micro-cap and small-cap companies have experienced substantial volatility in the past, often based on factors unrelated to the financial performance or prospects of the companies involved. These factors include macroeconomic developments in North America and globally, and market perceptions of the attractiveness of particular industries. The price of the Common Shares is also likely to be significantly affected by short-term changes in precious and base metal mineral prices or in its financial condition or results of operations as reflected in its quarterly earnings reports. Other factors unrelated to the Company's performance that may have an effect on the price of the Common Shares include the following: the extent of analytical coverage available to investors concerning the Company's business may be limited if investment banks with research capabilities do not follow the Company's securities; lessening in trading volume and general market interest in the Company's securities may affect an investor's ability to trade significant numbers of Common Shares; the size of the Company's public float may limit the ability of some institutions to invest in the Company's securities; and a substantial decline in the price of the Common Shares that persists for a significant period of time could cause the Company's securities, if listed on an exchange, to be delisted from such exchange, further reducing market liquidity. As a result of any of these factors, the price of the Common Shares at any given point in time may not accurately reflect the Company's long-term value.

Foreign Jurisdictions

Certain of the Company's projects are located in foreign jurisdictions and are subject to risks relating to political stability and changes in laws relating to foreign ownership, government participation, taxation, royalties, duties, rates of exchange, exchange controls, export controls, land use and operational safety, and the potential for terrorism or military repression. Because a significant percentage of its operating costs, exploration expenditures and lease maintenance and acquisition costs are denominated in Chilean Pesos, the Company's results of operations are subject to the effects of fluctuations in exchange rates and inflation. The Company does not engage in any hedging activities to minimize such risks.

United States Tariffs and Retaliatory Tariffs

In February and March 2025, the new U.S. administration imposed new tariffs, including an additional 25% rate of duty on certain imports from Canada and Mexico and 10% on certain imports from China, subject to various exceptions. In response, Canada has applied tariffs on certain imports from the United States. The international trade disputes sparked by the tariffs imposed by the United States and other countries in response thereto, including a further escalation in tariffs, retaliatory tariffs, and/or the withdrawal from, or changes to, international trade agreements, are expected to have a negative impact on the Canadian and global economy and could adversely affect the Company's financial condition. In addition, general uncertainty regarding possible future tariffs, international trade disputes and restrictive trade policies may have a negative impact on the Canadian and global economy and adversely affect the Company's financial condition.

Power Metallic Mines Inc.
(Formerly Power Nickel Inc.)
Management Discussion and Analysis
Year ended December 31, 2025
Dated - April 30, 2026

ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE FOR VENTURE ISSUERS WITHOUT SIGNIFICANT REVENUE

	Year ended	
	December 31, 2025	2024
Operating expenses		
Administration fees	\$ 1,989,211	\$ 1,220,000
Accretion, bank and interest fees	12,656	10,923
Business Development and Advisory	3,285,780	3,172,663
Depreciation	4,080	2,056
Exploration expenditures	30,535,870	14,691,983
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	114,932	60,909
Interest income	(940,820)	-
Investor relations	2,334,475	1,212,429
Office and miscellaneous	171,376	150,980
Professional fees	1,375,970	577,405
Share-based payments	3,362,430	3,165,243
Shareholder Communications	1,308,697	859,179
Transfer and regulatory	289,878	162,989
Travel, promotion and mining shows	548,375	265,302
Total expenses before other items	(44,392,910)	(25,552,061)
Other items		
Flow-through liability amortization	5,364,983	4,494,683
Gain on write off of other liabilities	-	55,464
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the year	\$ (39,027,927)	\$ (21,001,914)